



Smart Grids Cleanpower 2016

**Energy Storage Optimisation – A proven business
case**

AMT-Sybex

Georgina Dingley

Agenda:

- Introduction to AMT-Sybex and Networkflow FOSS
- Smarter Network Storage project
- Water Companies – Why Energy Storage?
- The case for DNO ownership
- Summary



Introduction to AMT-Sybex

AMT-SYBEX - Clients

“Essential Industries”

- Similar customer, stakeholder/shareholder needs
- Utilities and Infrastructure clients
- Long-term partnerships
- High performing solutions supporting critical operations



1990

2015

Electricity generation

Water & gas

Electricity
networks

Transport

Energy
retail

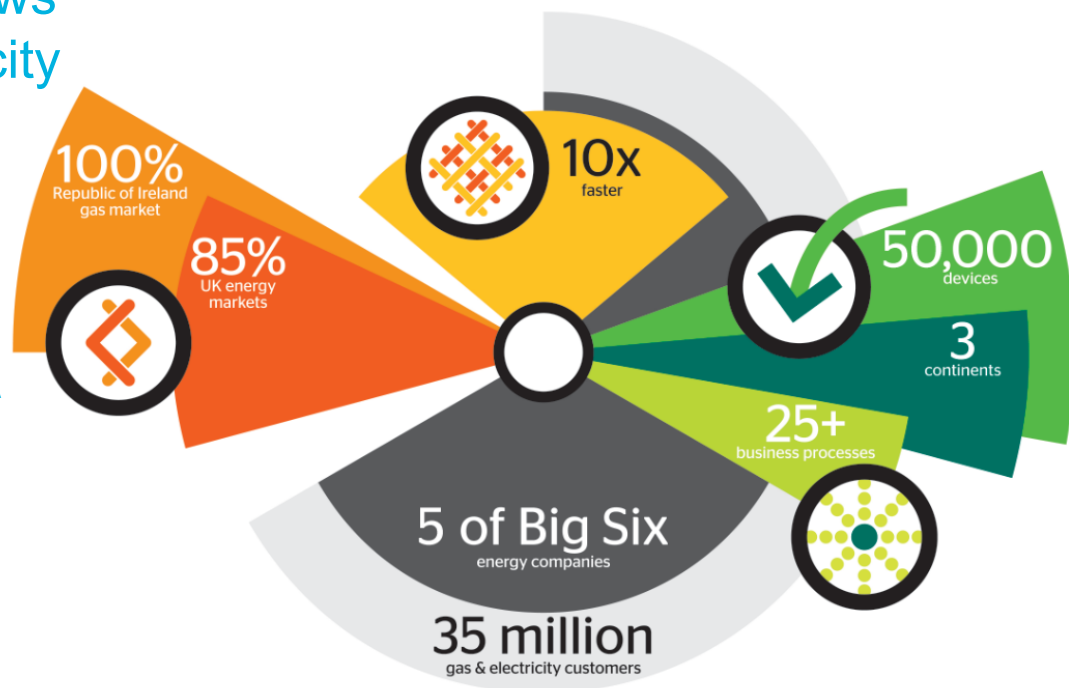
Smart

Affinity Suite[®]

Our powerful and flexible enterprise suite helps you manage your evolving business challenges.

The AMT-SYBEX Affinity Suite:

- Manages market data flows for over 35 million electricity and gas customers
- Is licensed on 35,000 devices across three continents
- Is licensed for meter data management for over 5 million meter points and growing



Networkflow™ FOSS

AFFINITY SUITE networkflow

Network Data Management



- Enabling the **UKPN Smarter Network Storage** project
- Built on **Proven Technology** which currently supports 35 million UK customers
- Network oriented product – pre-packaged with **Network services** and **capacity engine**
- Intelligent algorithms for **demand forecasting** and **optimisation** of energy resources and commercial services
- **Pre-packaged commercial services** managed via user interfaces and calendars
- Integrates with ESS, business applications and the market to provide oversight, validation of **performance, communication and reconciliation**
- **Commercial optimisation** which is flexible, future proof and localised

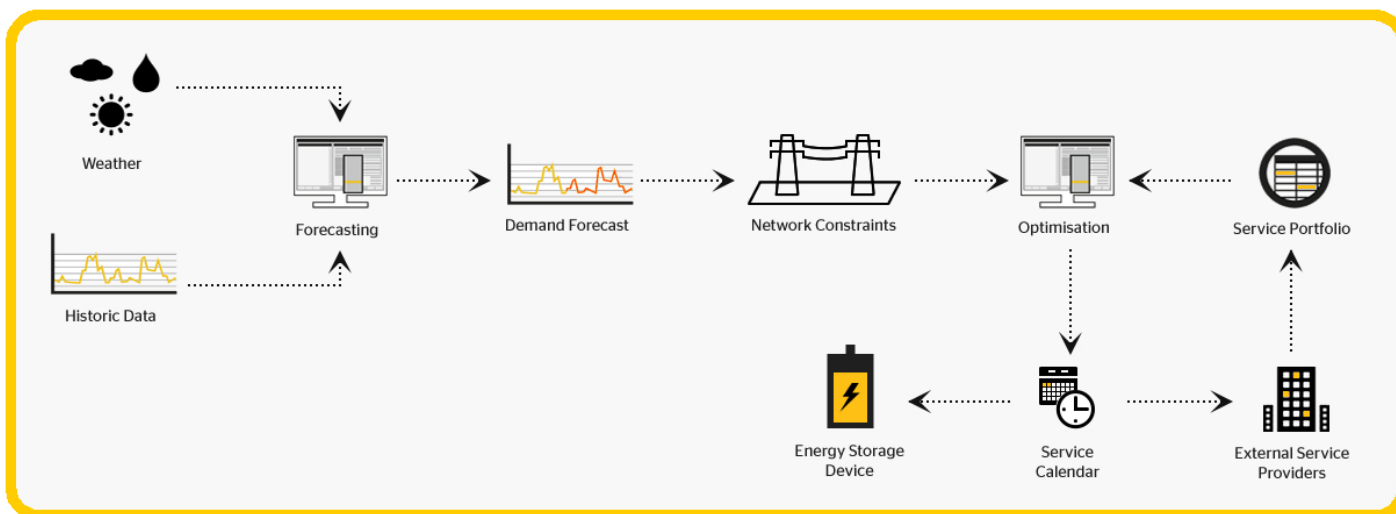
What does our energy storage solution do?

FOSS optimises the value of a storage installation by:

- Forecasting local energy flows
- Accessing and scheduling commercial services
- Managing battery, network and contractual constraints

FOSS automatically determines:

- Optimised schedule of commercial services based on predicted future demand
- Most cost effective battery usage strategy
- Operational capacity now / in future
- Contractual requirements



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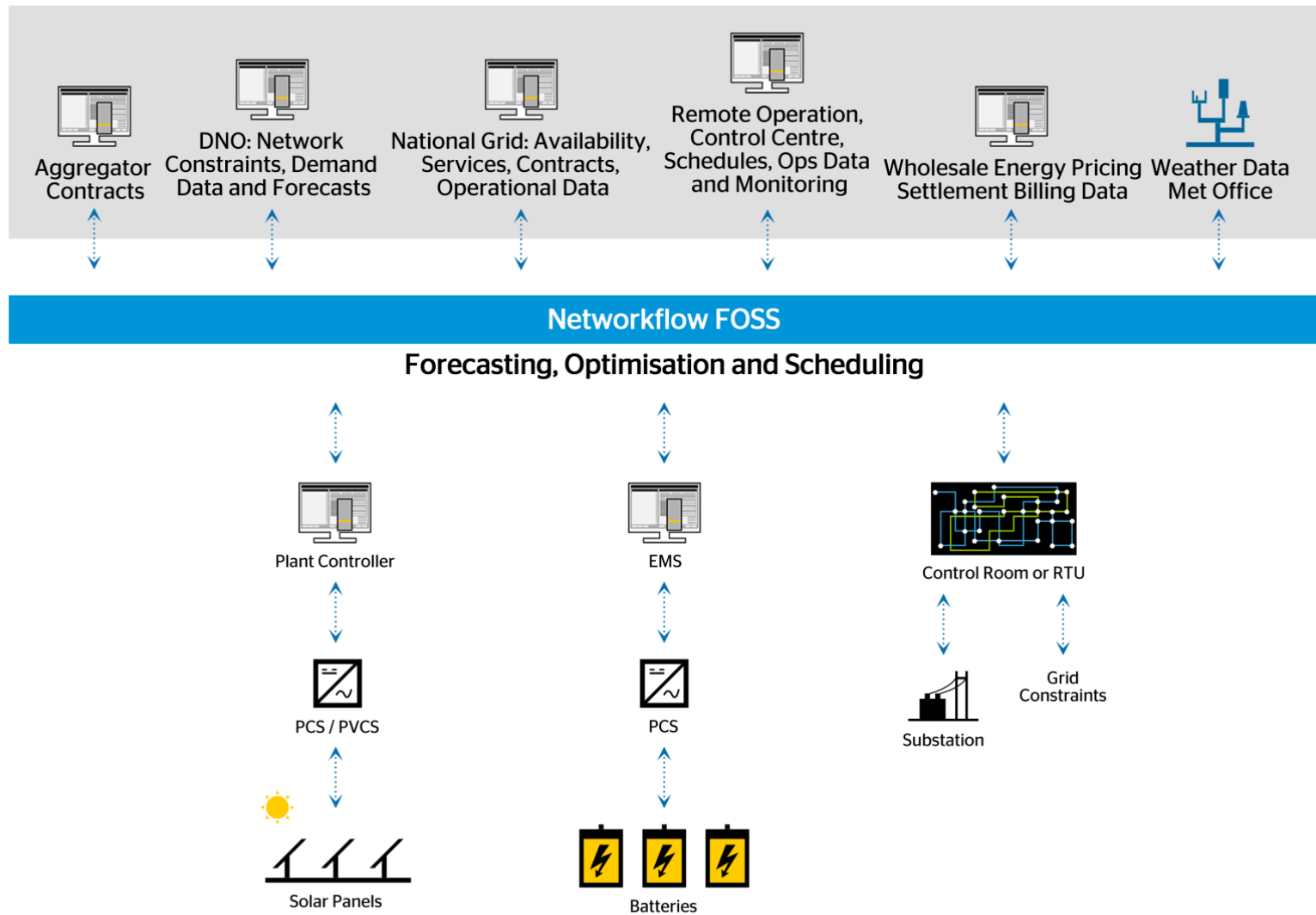
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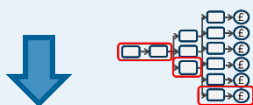
Networkflow FOSS In Use

DNO

Forecast + prioritise
network services



Optimise remaining
Capacity



Contract communication
and system scheduling



AMT-SYBEX 2016

Asset Owner

Forecast network
constraints and/or services



Optimise remaining
Capacity



Contract communication
and system scheduling



Microgrid Owner

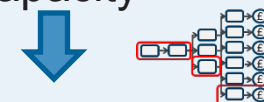
Forecast local generation
and demand



Forecast local network
constraints and/or services



Optimise remaining
Capacity



Contract communication
and system scheduling

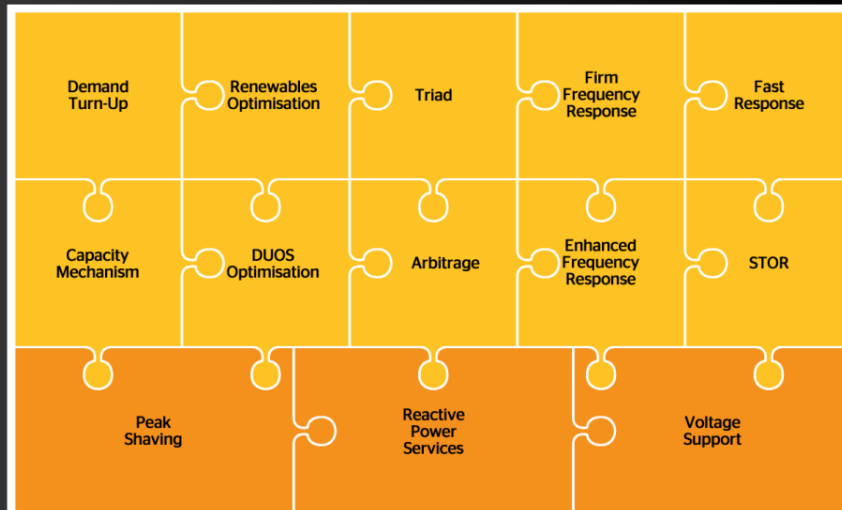


Full optimisation

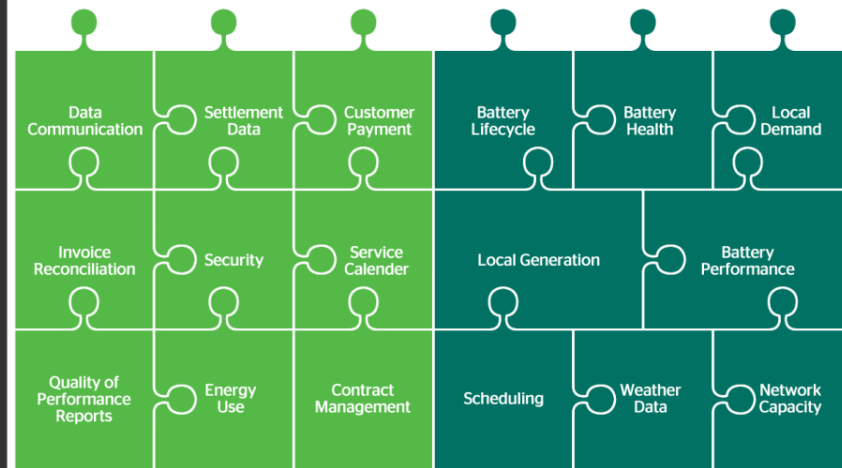
REVENUE
STREAMS

DNO
SERVICES

BUSINESS
PROCESSES



Operational, Reliable and Profitable Energy Storage

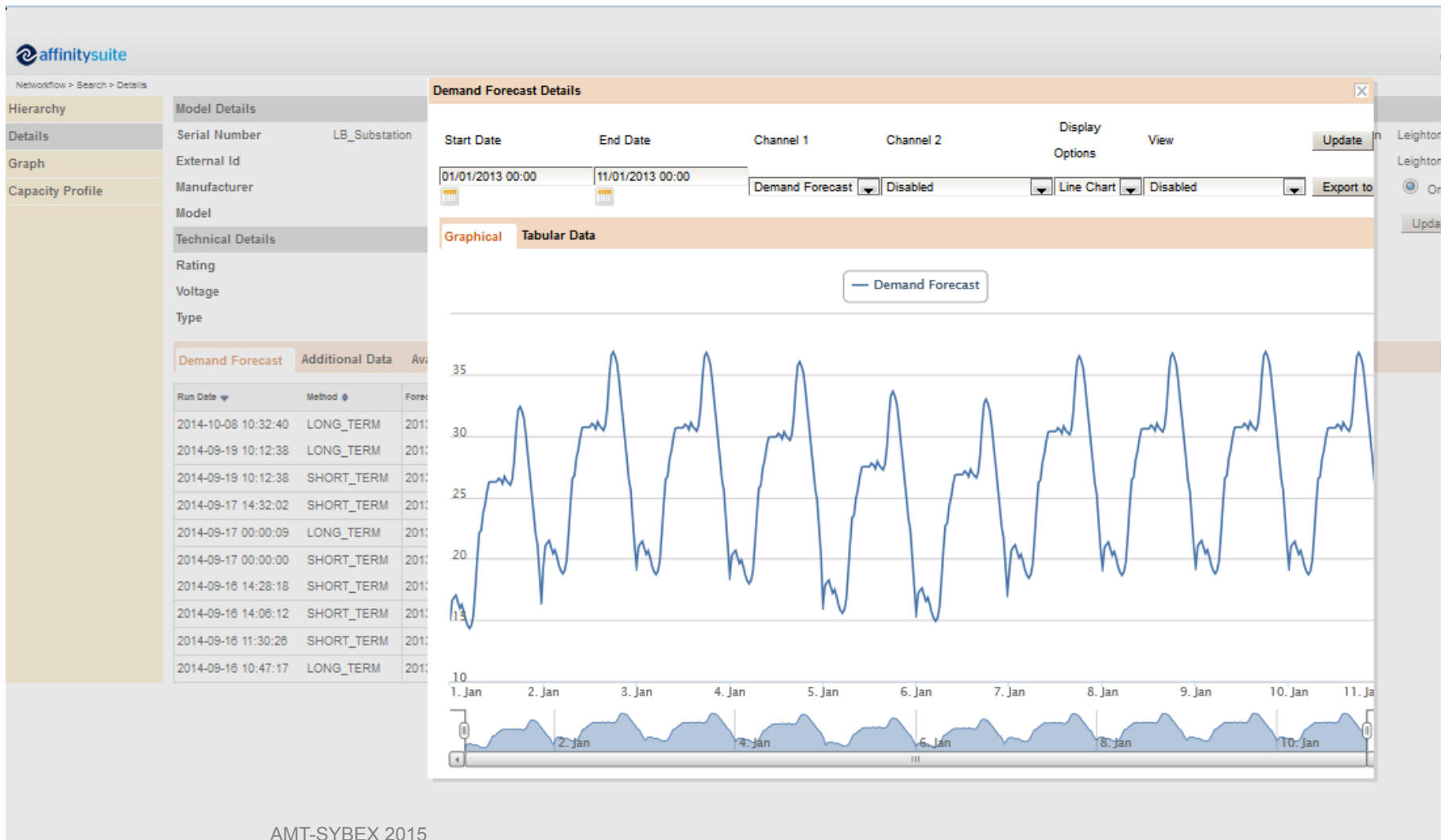


REVENUE
STREAMS

DNO
SERVICES

OPERATIONAL
CONSIDERATIONS

Demand Forecast Function



Energy Positions Viewer



Networkflow > Search > Equipment Graph

Hierarchy

Details

Service Calendar

Graph

Capacity Profile

Type

ENERGY STORE DEVICE

Serial Number

LB_BIG_BATTERY

06/02/2013 10:08

12/02/2013 10:08

Worst Up Reg Energy Position

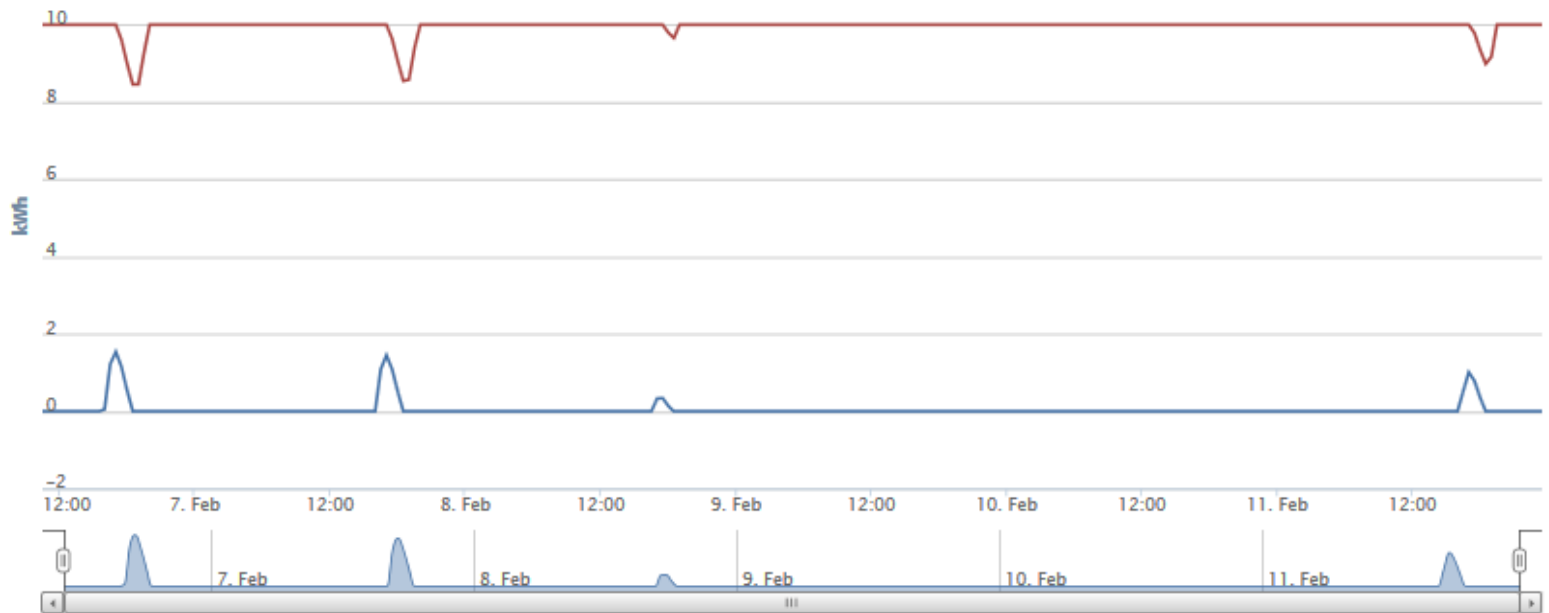
Best Down Reg Energy Position

Bar Chart

Line Chart

Display

Best Down Reg Energy Position Worst Up Reg Energy Position



Service Calendar



Networkflow > Search > Equipment Hierarchy

Hierarchy

Details

Service Calendar

Graph

Capacity Profile

Schedule

Day

Week

Month

Timeline

February 2013

Monday

28	29	30	31	01
04	05	06	07	08
11	12	13	14	15
18	19	20	21	22
25	26	27	28	01

16:30 SOC	16:00 SOC	16:30 SOC	17:00 SOC
17:30 Peak Shaving	17:30 Peak Shaving	17:30 Peak Shaving	18:00 Peak Shaving

16:30 SOC			
17:30 Peak Shaving			

FOSS in Use - Smarter Network Storage Project

The Smarter Network Storage (SNS) project installed and is operating an energy storage asset rated at 6MW/10MWh, located in Leighton Buzzard

£13.2m Low Carbon Network Fund funding; £4.0m investment from UK Power Networks

- **Outcomes**

- Demonstrated multi purpose application of energy storage across full value chain
- Quantified business model for energy storage – multiple revenues can be “stacked” to improve business case

- **AMT-Sybex**

Developed optimisation/control system to evaluate access to multiple revenue streams



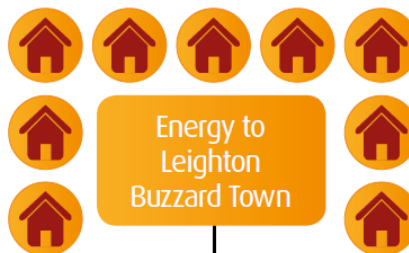
How does SNS Support the Network?

Power Station



Transmission Network

Distribution Network

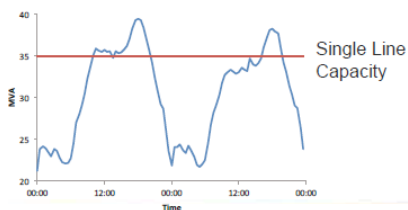


Leighton Buzzard
33/11kV Substation

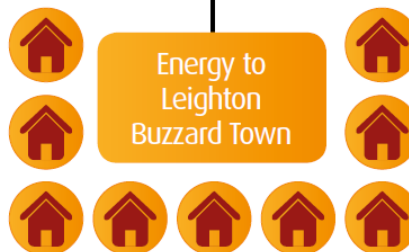
Leighton Buzzard SNS



Energy
from SNS

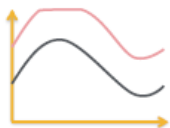


The electricity demand may exceed the capacity of one of the overhead lines during peak demand periods.



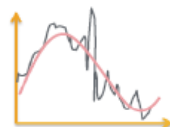
By injecting the stored energy, SNS can help meet the electricity demand and reduce the load on the overhead lines. This avoids the need for traditional network reinforcement to meet peak demand.

Functions of SNS



Peak Shaving

SNS uses its stored energy to meet peak demand which reduces the load on the network. This defers the need for network reinforcement to meet peak demand.



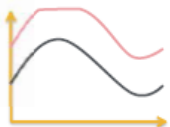
Frequency Regulation

SNS can regulate the grid frequency through power exchanges. This assists National Grid in stabilising the frequency of the wider electricity system.



Reactive Power Support

SNS has 7.5MVAR of reactive power capability. Reactive power can help improve power factor, reduce losses and support voltage levels on the local network.



Reserve

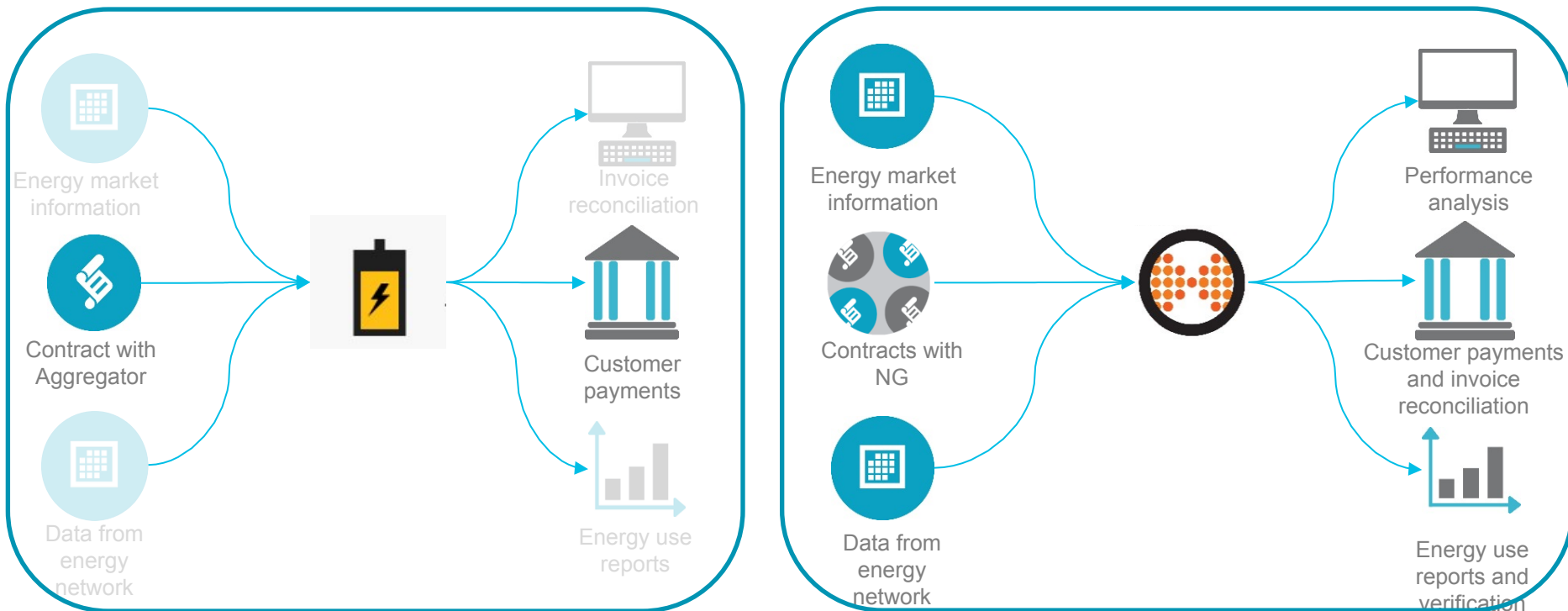
SNS provides reserve capacity and can be triggered remotely to export power. This assists National Grid in balancing electricity demand and supply.



Tolling

SNS can provide energy based on a given energy delivery profile. This can be used to manage imbalance risk and assist in hedging against peak electricity prices.

Networkflow FOSS enables storage operators to capitalise on all available revenue streams



All available revenue streams
Visibility
Communication
Optimisation



Water Companies – Why Energy Storage?

Water Companies are a significant user of energy

- Peak energy requirement coincides with peak pricing
- On site renewables cannot fully match on site demand
- High carbon impact of operations
- Very high energy bills

There is an opportunity to fully utilise on-site generation against on-site demand

- Relieving high peak time bills
- Replacing carbon intensive peaking plants from the grid
- Whilst maximising the revenue from energy storage

Example site modelling

Full FOSS optimisation:

- Absorbing all exported solar
- Netting off peak time load with stored solar
- Triad Management
- FFR upregulation during peak times (DUOS and supply cost optimisation)
- FFR downregulation during times of solar absorption
- FFR bi-directional when no other constraints

Storage sizing analysis (2014 data):

Total MVAh per day	Times used	MWh pa
8MWh	2	8
7MWh	6	21
6MWh	16	48
5MWh	32	80
4MWh	60	120
3MWh	82	123
2MWh	124	124
1MWh	190	95
<0.1MWh	268	13.4
MWh pa used	780	632.4

- 8MWh is the minimum requirement to net off exported load on site based on 2014 data.
- MWh's cost money to install, MW's earn revenue.
- Therefore the optimum minimum storage dimensions for the site are 8MW/8MWhrs.

Optimisation key points:



Without FOSS:

- The ability to manage onsite solar becomes too costly in relation to pure FFR operation
- OR FFR revenue is earned ~20% less of the time
- Site DUOS and Supply tariffs are adversely affected



With FOSS:

- The system is in place to support business objectives of managing energy and carbon on-site for water operations – no extra business rates applicable.
- By fully optimising all variables, more revenue is generated than FFR + Triad alone,
- Costs are significantly reduced.

Example Comparison:

FFR + Triad

IRR 3%

NPV -£299k

Yearly income ~£1.5m

Site running costs **increase by**
£452,000

Breakeven in year 12

Gross Margin – 15yrs £1.26m

Full Optimisation with FOSS

IRR 20%

NPV £5.2m

Yearly income ~£1.5m

Site running costs **decrease**
£126,000

Breakeven in year 7

Gross Margin – 15yrs £8.8m

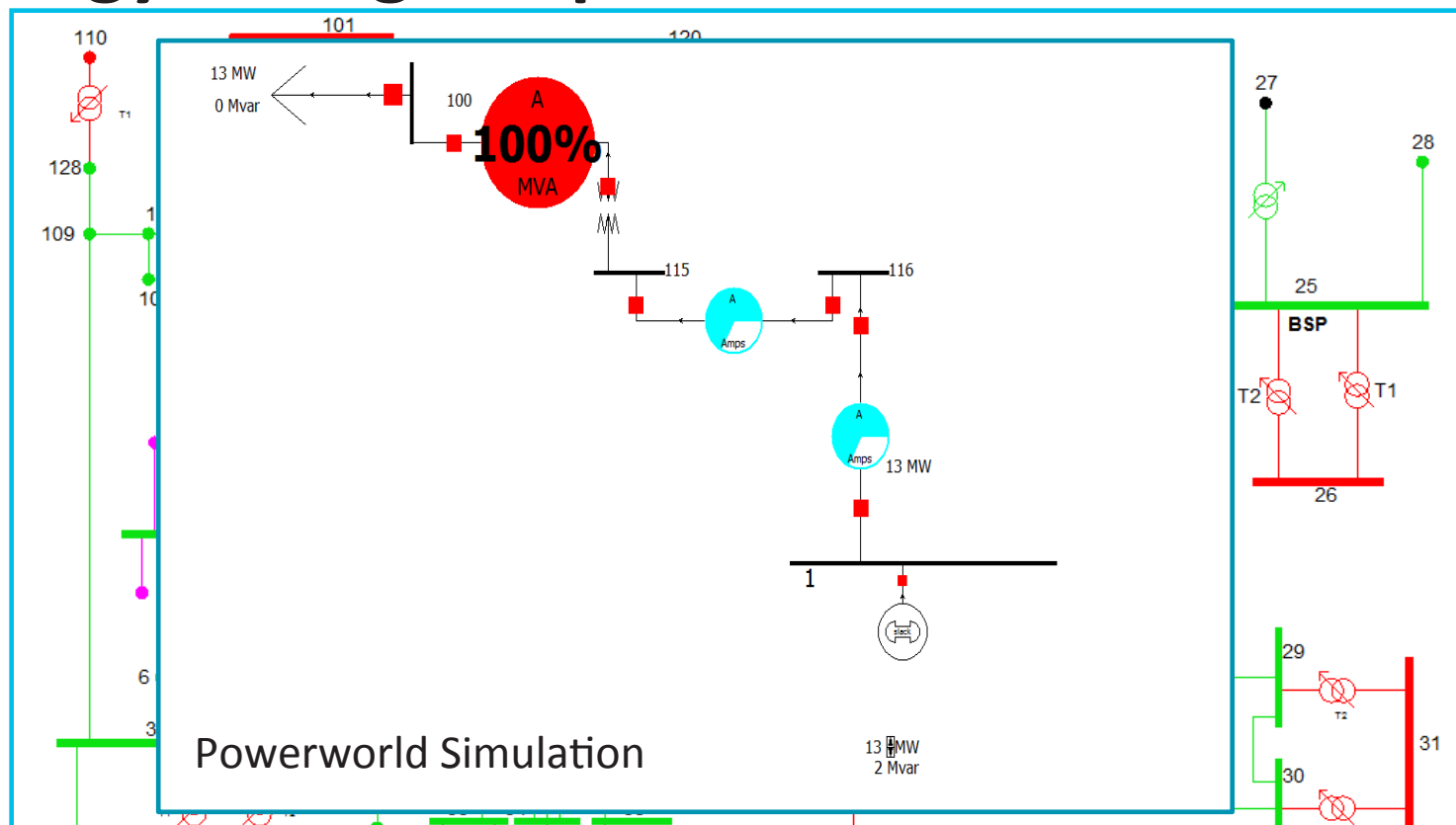


DNOs – The case for Energy Storage ownership

What does a DNO actually need?

- 1) A cost effective method of reinforcing the network due to load or generation growth
- 2) Knowledge of how many hours, MW, and MWhs of support is needed
- 3) A business case to assess the options, energy storage being one option

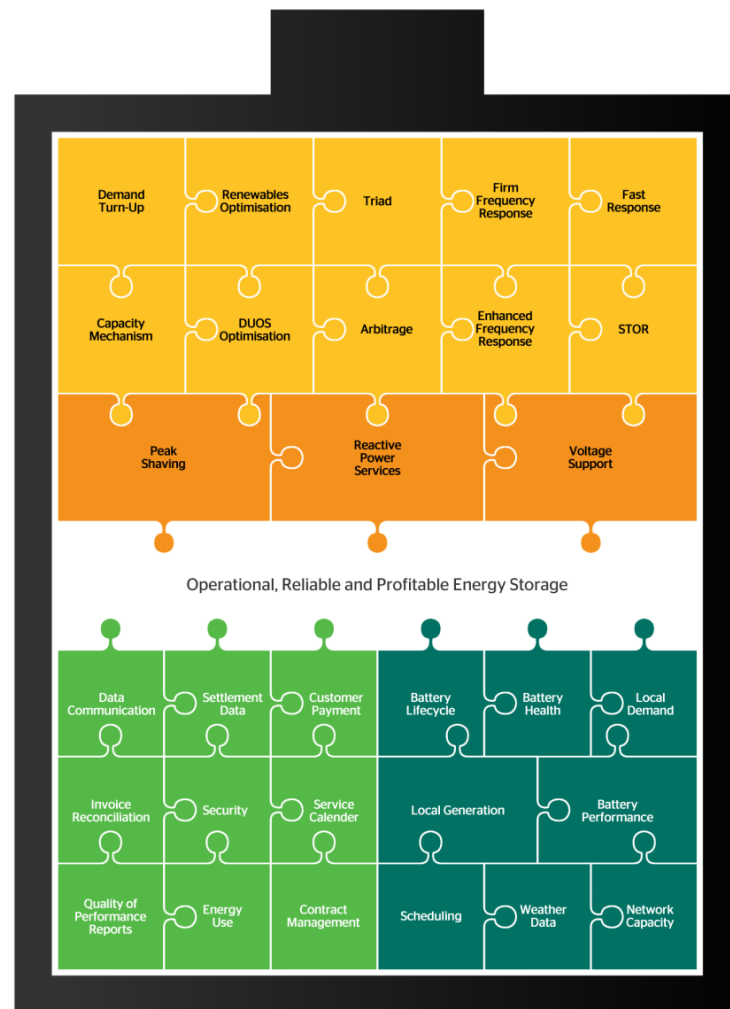
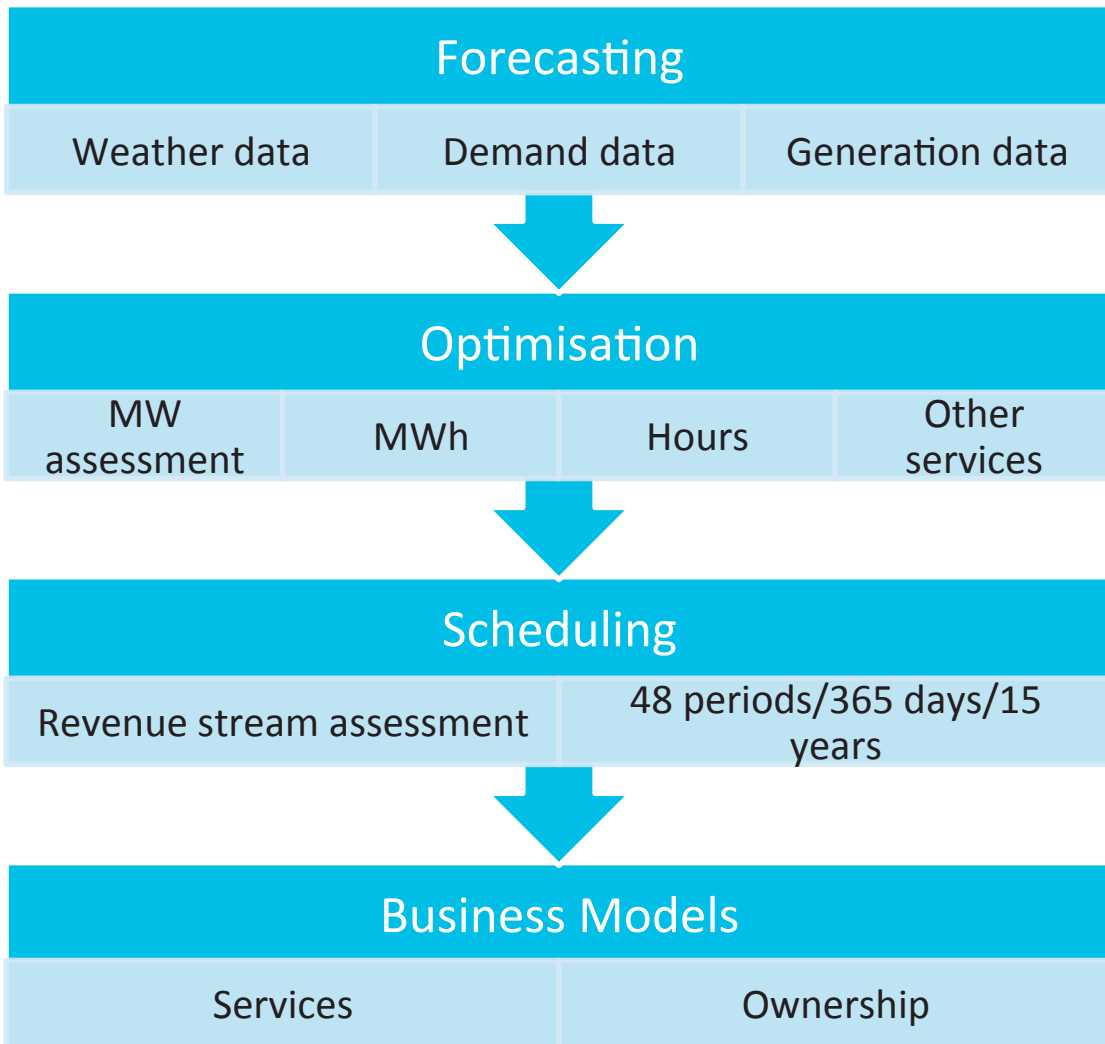
Energy Storage requirements for “bus 100”



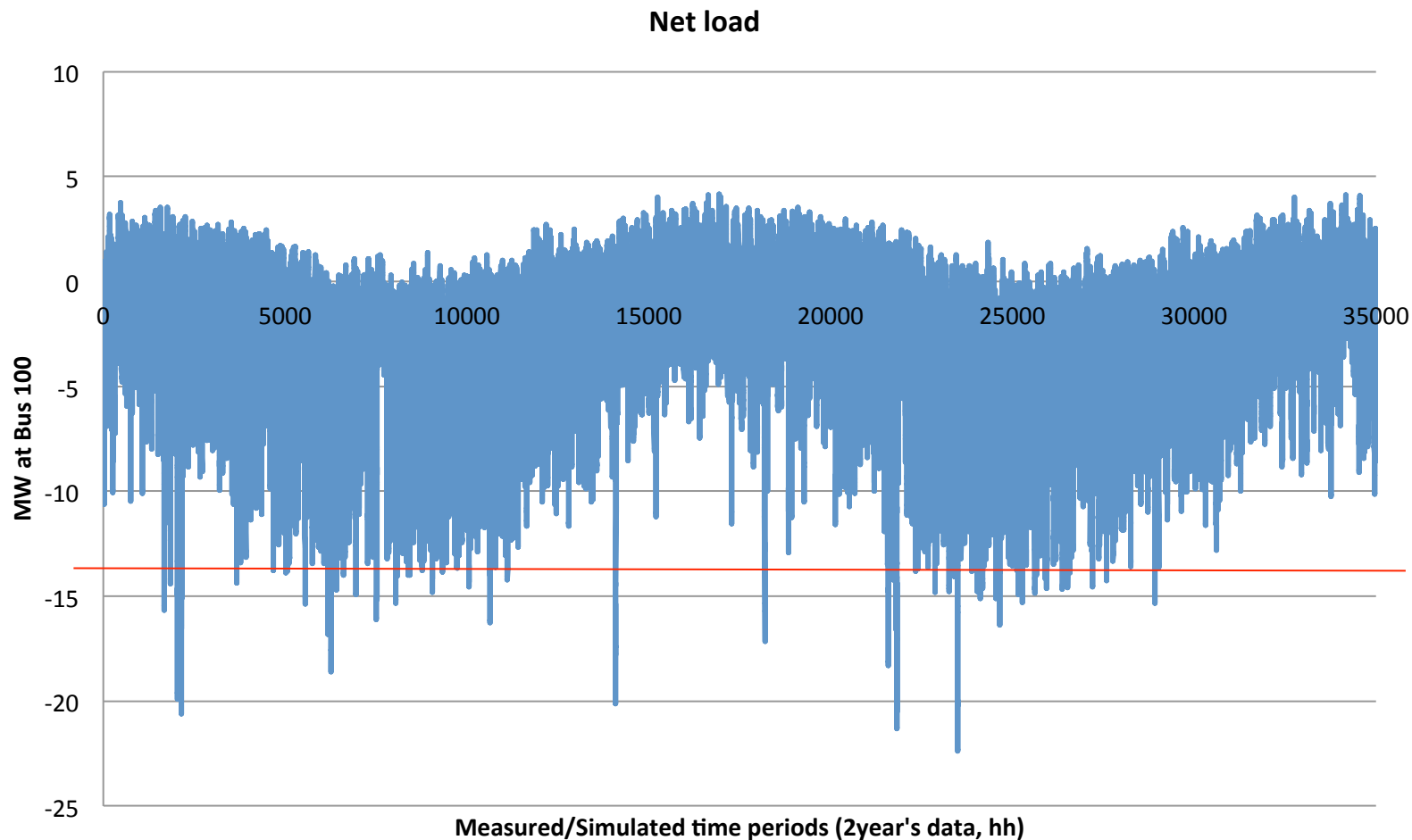
Gone Green – all generation	2014/15	2015/16	2019/20	2022/23
PV	5.55	7.03	8.54	11.96
Wind	5.94	7.2	14.6	18.4
Biogas	5	5.1	6.0	7.4

GG – Embedded only	2014/15	2015/16	2019/20	2022/23
PV	5.55	6.83	6.95	7.39
Wind	5.94	7.2	14.6	18.4
Biogas	5	5.1	6.0	7.4

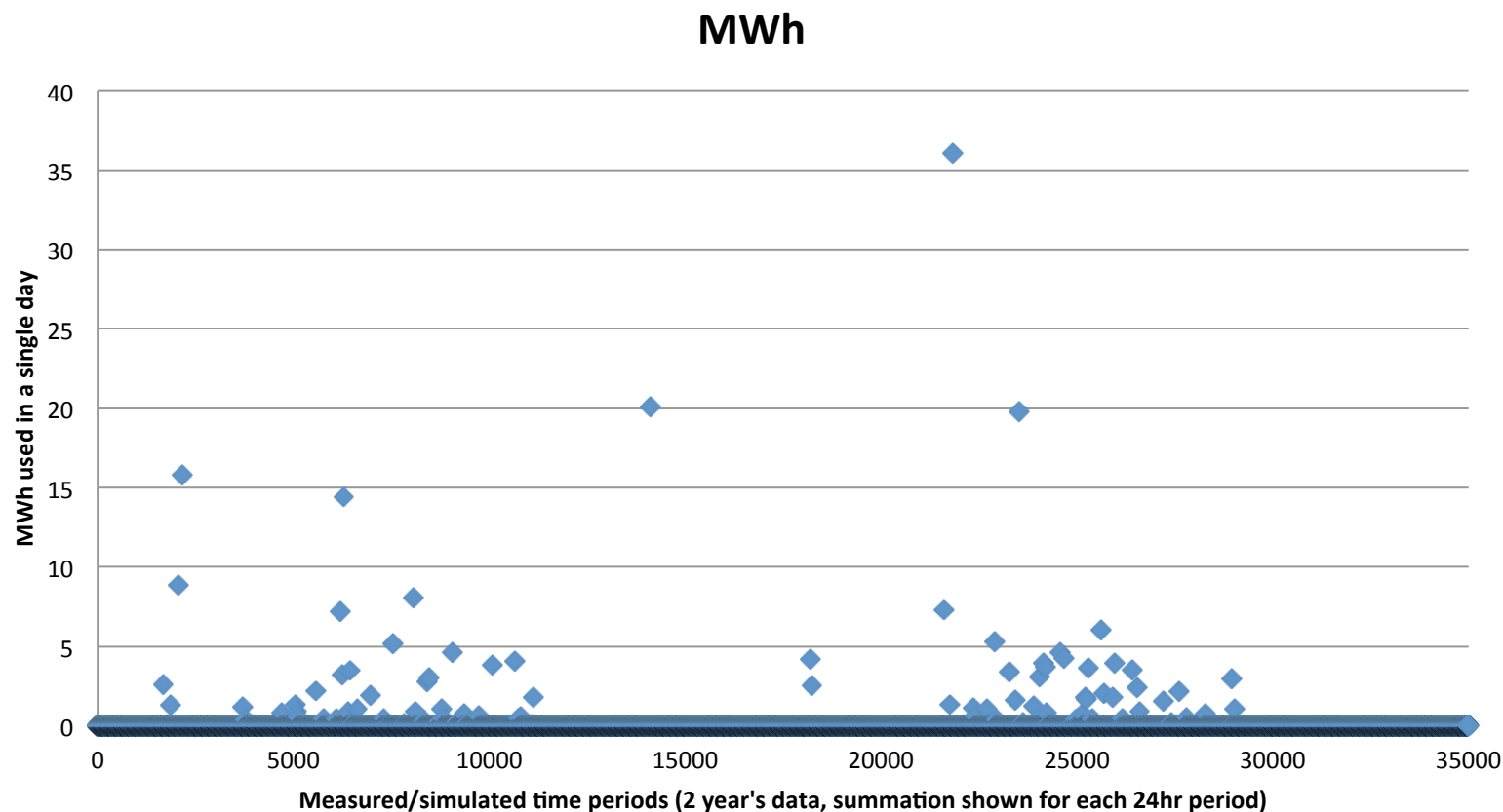
Method



MW Requirement over 2 years – 2022/23 All



MWh Requirement over 2 years – 2022/23 All



Examples of analysis – MW and MWh

Total MVAh per day	times used	MWh in period	MWh pa
36MWh	1	36	18
25MWh	0	0	0
24MWh	1	24	12
23MWh	0	0	0
22MWh	1	22	11
21MWh	0	0	0
20MWh	2	40	20
19MWh	1	19	9.5
18MWh	2	36	18
17MWh	1	17	8.5
16MWh	2	32	16
15MWh	2	30	15
14MWh	3	42	21
13MWh	2	26	13
12MWh	3	36	18
11MWh	2	22	11
10MWh	3	30	15
9MWh	2	18	9
8MWh	5	40	20
7MWh	4	28	14
6MWh	6	36	18
5MWh	6	30	15
4MWh	11	44	22
3MWh	16	48	24
2MWh	20	40	20
1MWh	33	33	16.5
<0.1MWh	59	5.9	2.95
MWh pa used	188	734.9	367.45

Total load (MW)	Max	Count	total MWh	Average hrs
0-1MW	9.38	203	475.85	101.5
1MW	8.38	95	198.94	47.5
2MW	7.38	27	49.79	13.5
3MW	6.38	18	28.69	9
4MW	5.38	7	9.41	3.5
5MW	4.38	3	3.28	1.5
6MW	3.38	4.00	3.38	2
7MW	2.38	8	4.75	4
8MW	1.38	2	0.69	1
9MW	0.38	2	0.19	1
10MW	0.00	0	0.00	0
Total MWh to be purchased		9	774.97	184.5

Storage Requirement MW	9	9.0
Storage hours/MWh	4	36
Storage Hours per year	184.5	185
Days used	94	94
Cost DSR	1394954.059	£1,394,954
Cost Storage	278990.8118	£278,991

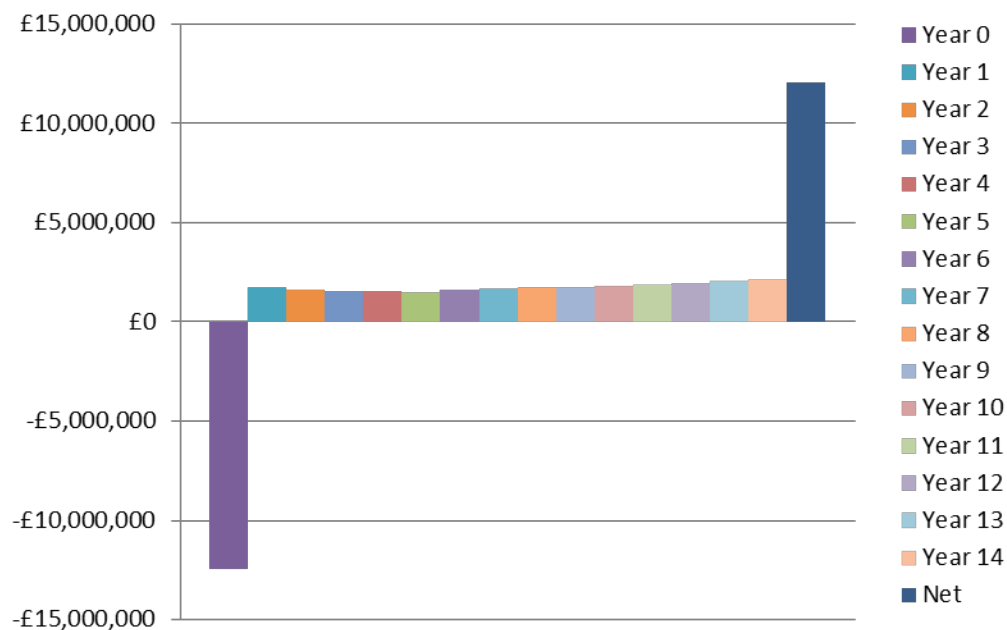
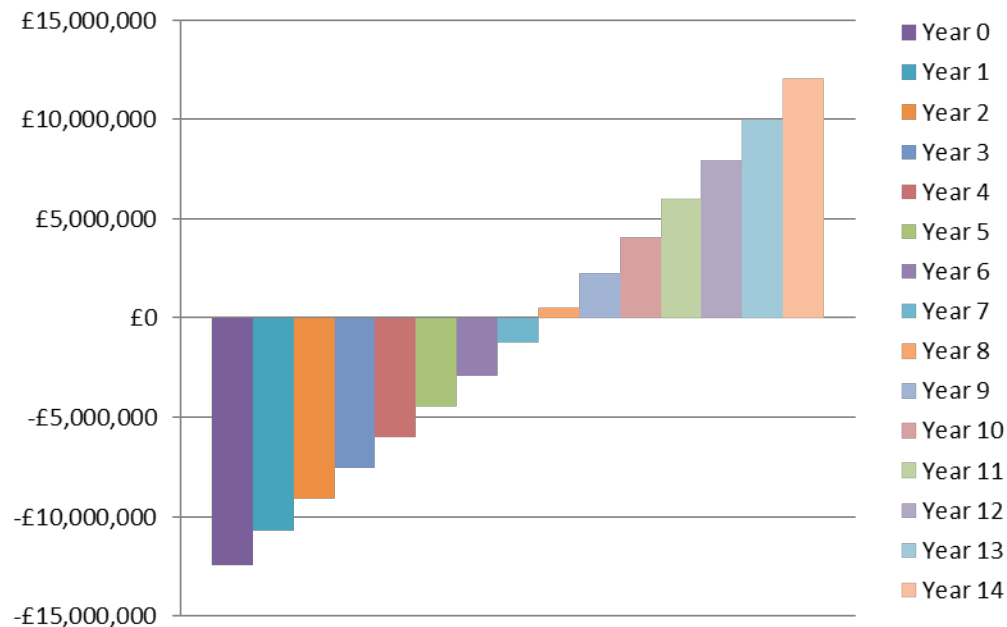
9MW/36MWh

9MW 36MWhrs covers all days

Upfront cost: £12.4m

Payback years: 8

System <10MW and would
theoretically fall under derogation
limit.



9MW/18MWh

9MW 18MWhrs

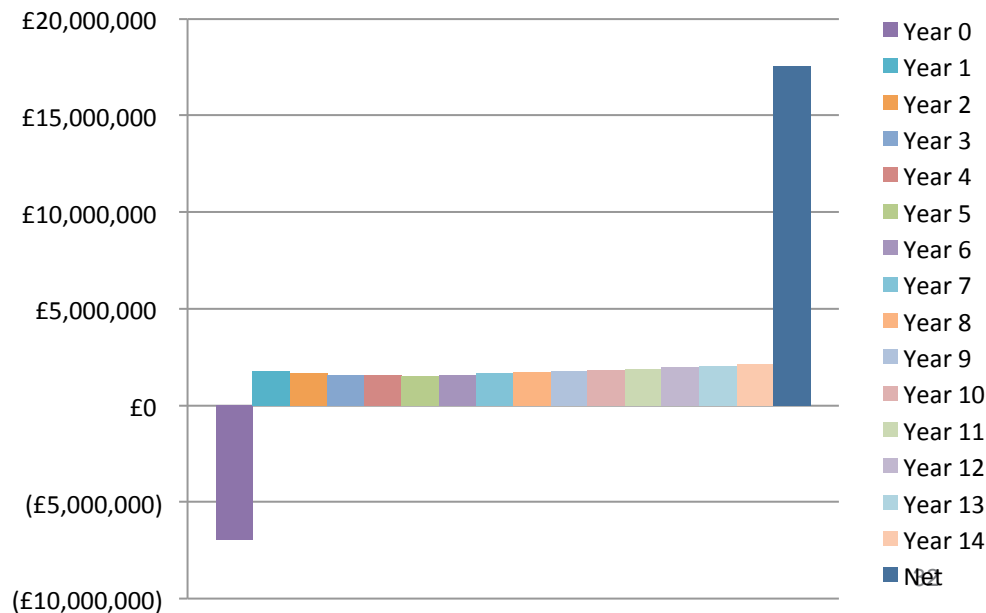
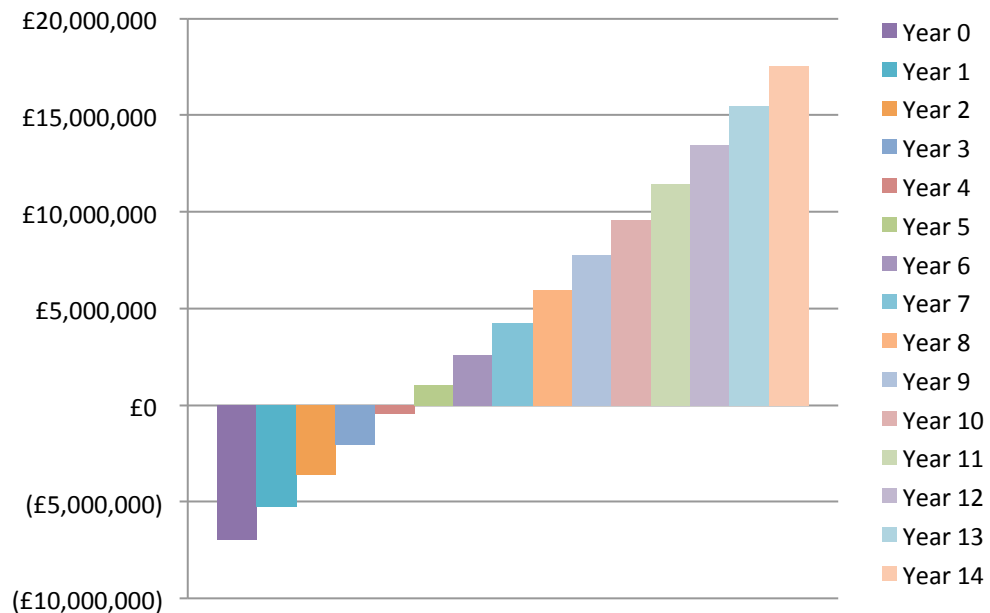
Covers 97% days when storage is required

98% of all days

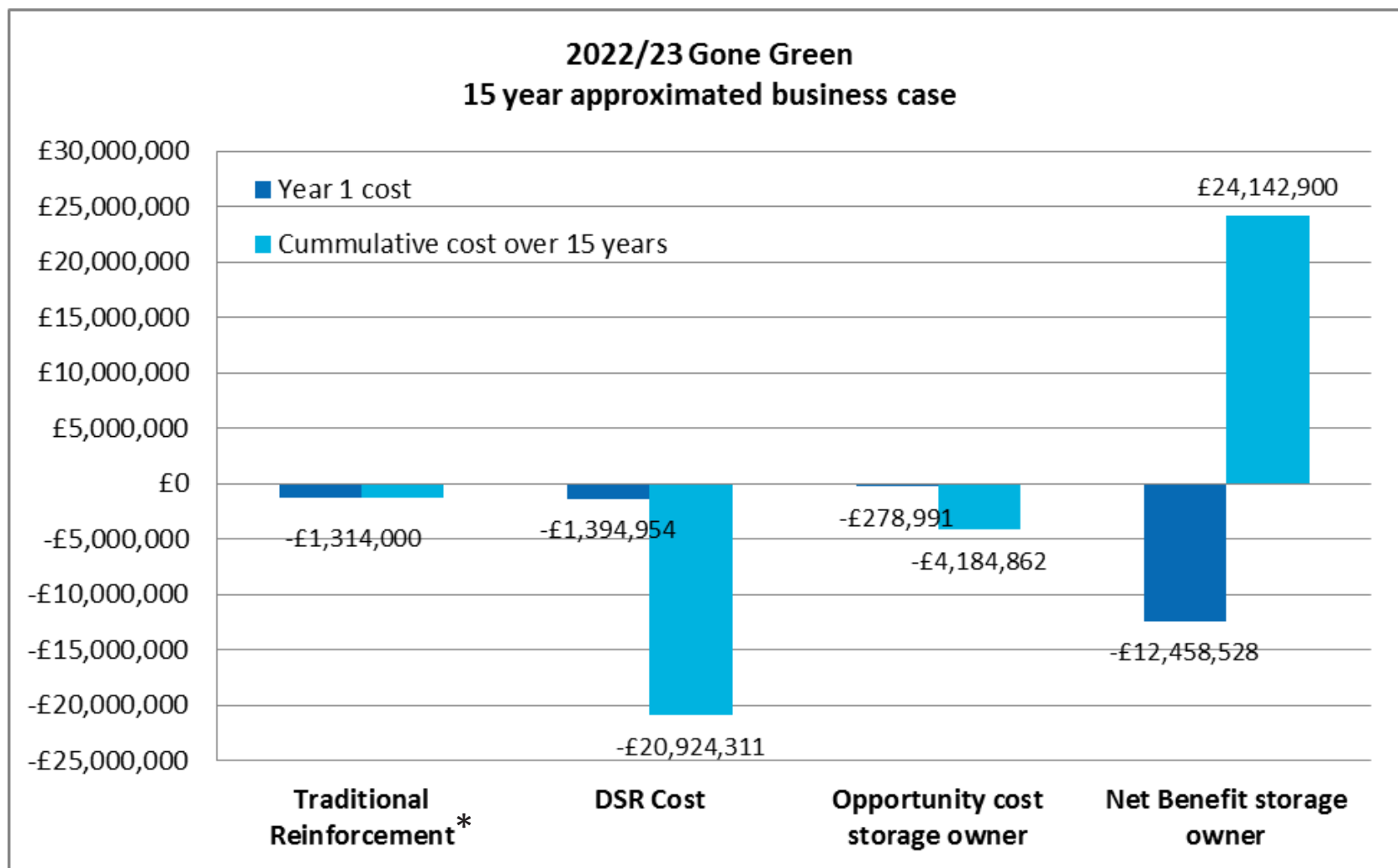
Upfront cost: £6.9m

Payback years: 5

System <10MW and would theoretically fall under derogation limit.



Results



Summary

Analysis

- Actual expectations for requirements for storage need detailed analysis to be determined for each site and user type

ROI is Key

- Long term ROI can be very attractive
- Long term ROI in some cases is attractive for DNOs yet unattractive to the market

Benefits

- In certain situations storage is the right answer – particularly if the investor receives all the benefits

Systems

- Forecasting is key to efficient ownership and understanding of commercial risks
- Stacking services achieves a cost effective solution for Energy Storage

Meet the team

John McKeown – AMT- SYBEX Sales Director

Georgina Dingley – Energy Storage Sector Lead

John Hayling – Energy Storage Business Development

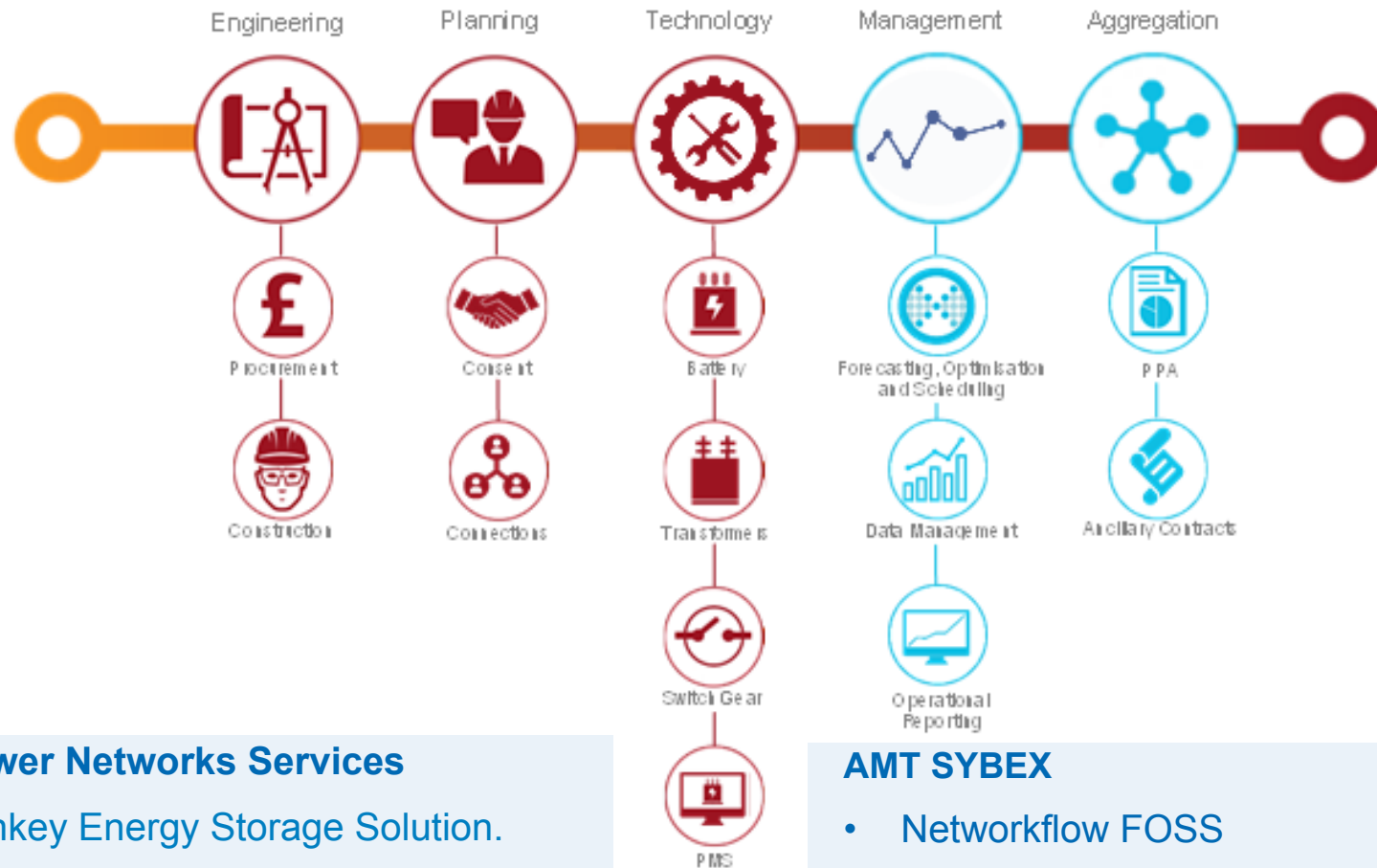
Samir Alilat -FOSS Functional Architect

Gordon Brown – Product Manager





AMT-SYBEX has partnered with UKPN Services to provide optimised, end-to-end energy storage delivery.



UK Power Networks Services

- Turnkey Energy Storage Solution.
- Containers, transformers, switchboards, SCADA system

AMT SYBEX

- Networkflow FOSS
- Hosted solution, optimisation platform, IT hardware