

Markets for Alternative and eV Technologies

John Wormald

autoPOLIS

SHIFT09

Cambridge

3 December 2009

Hot, thirsty and crowded



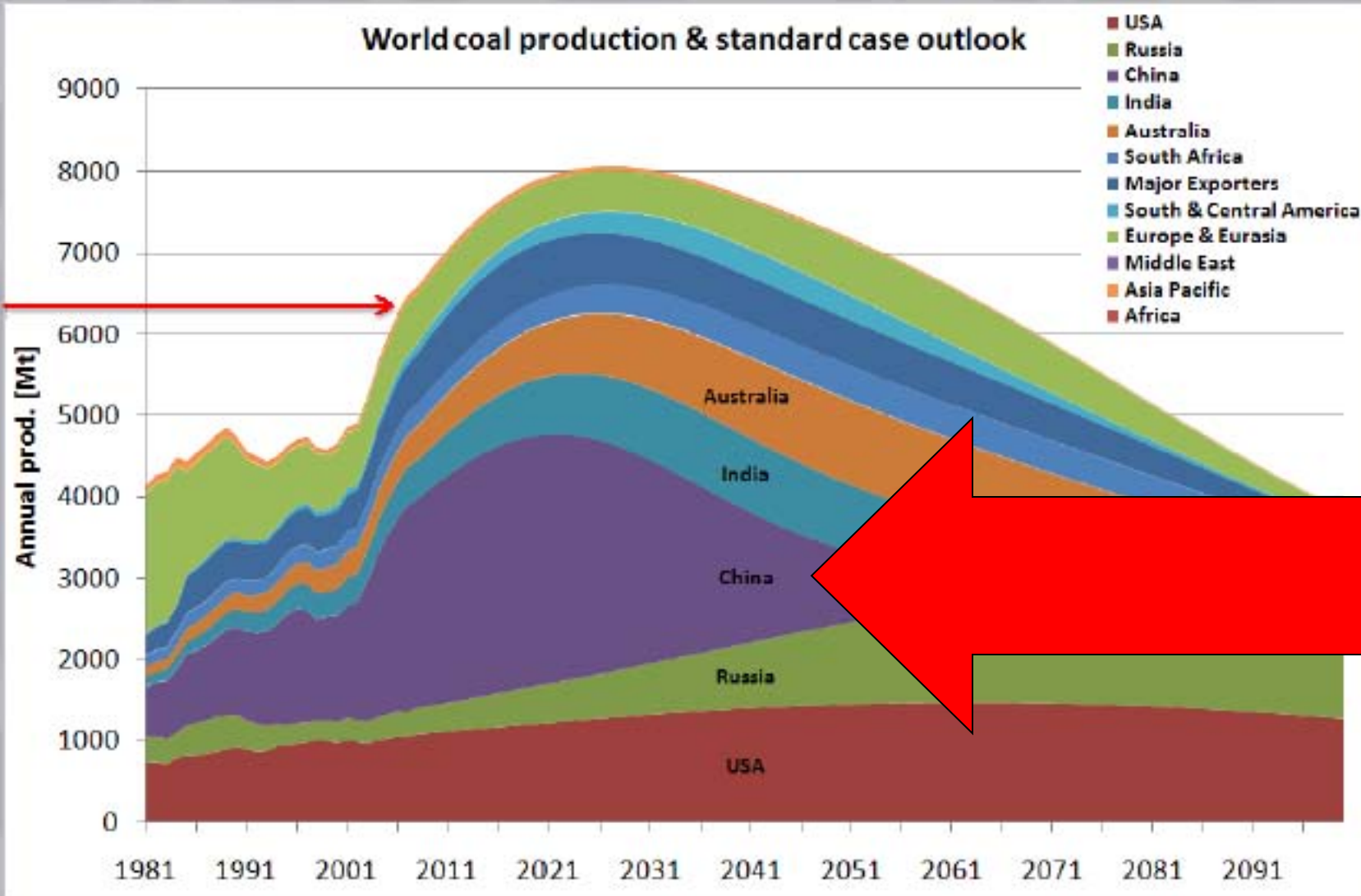
Global warming



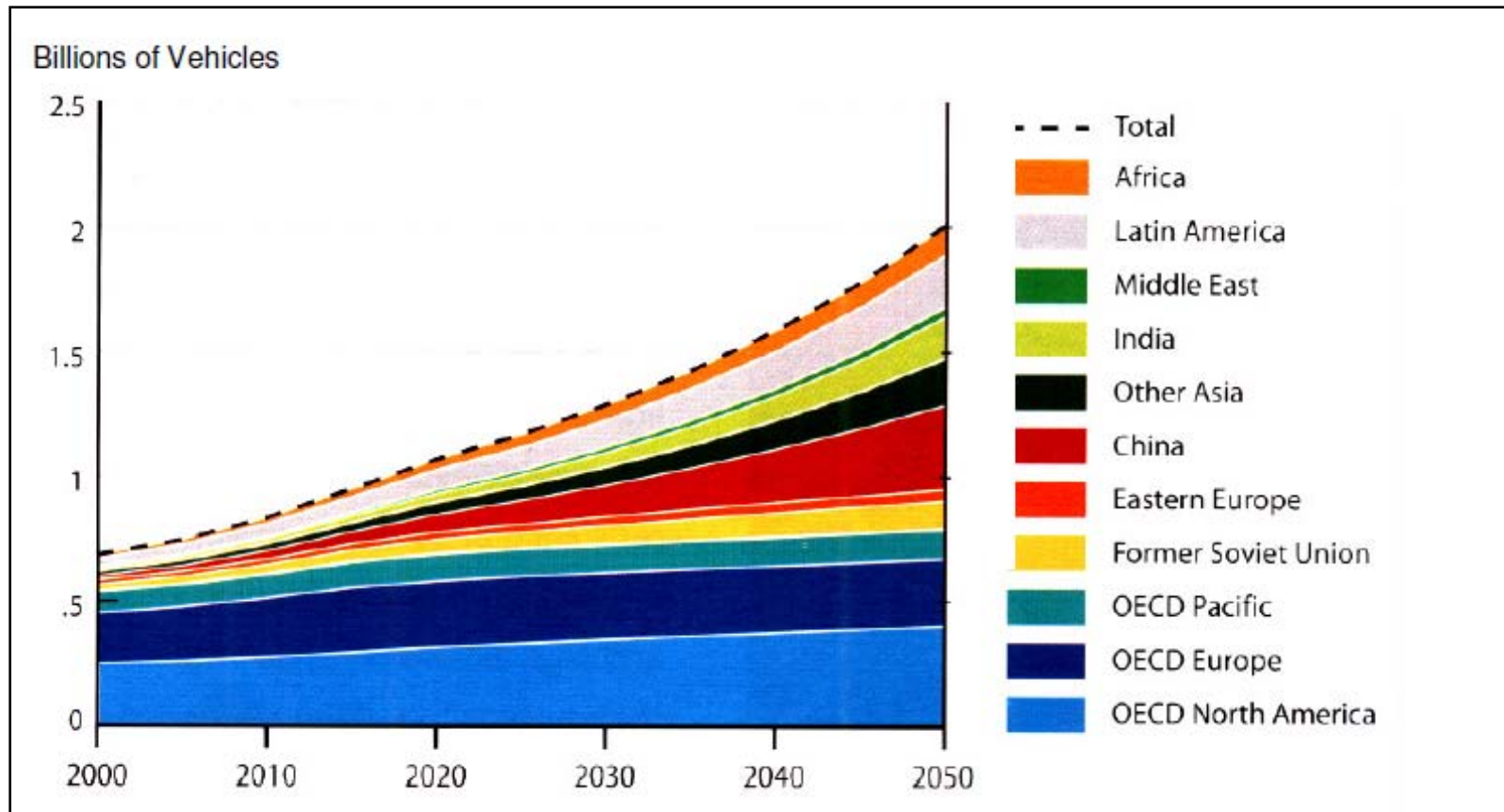
Coal production forecast

World coal production & standard case outlook

2006



Population explosion



Source: Kromer, adapted from WCSBD, 2004

Petroleum + ICE: a long marriage, now under stress

Positives

- **Low-energy/CO₂ WTT**
- **Cheap materials in ICEs**
- **Mature technology, with some stretch still**

Negatives

- **Non-diversified energy source**
- **Supply-side inelasticity**
- **Non-transparent and volatile oil market**
- **Geopolitical tensions**
- **Poor TTW in transients**

Alternative propulsion systems

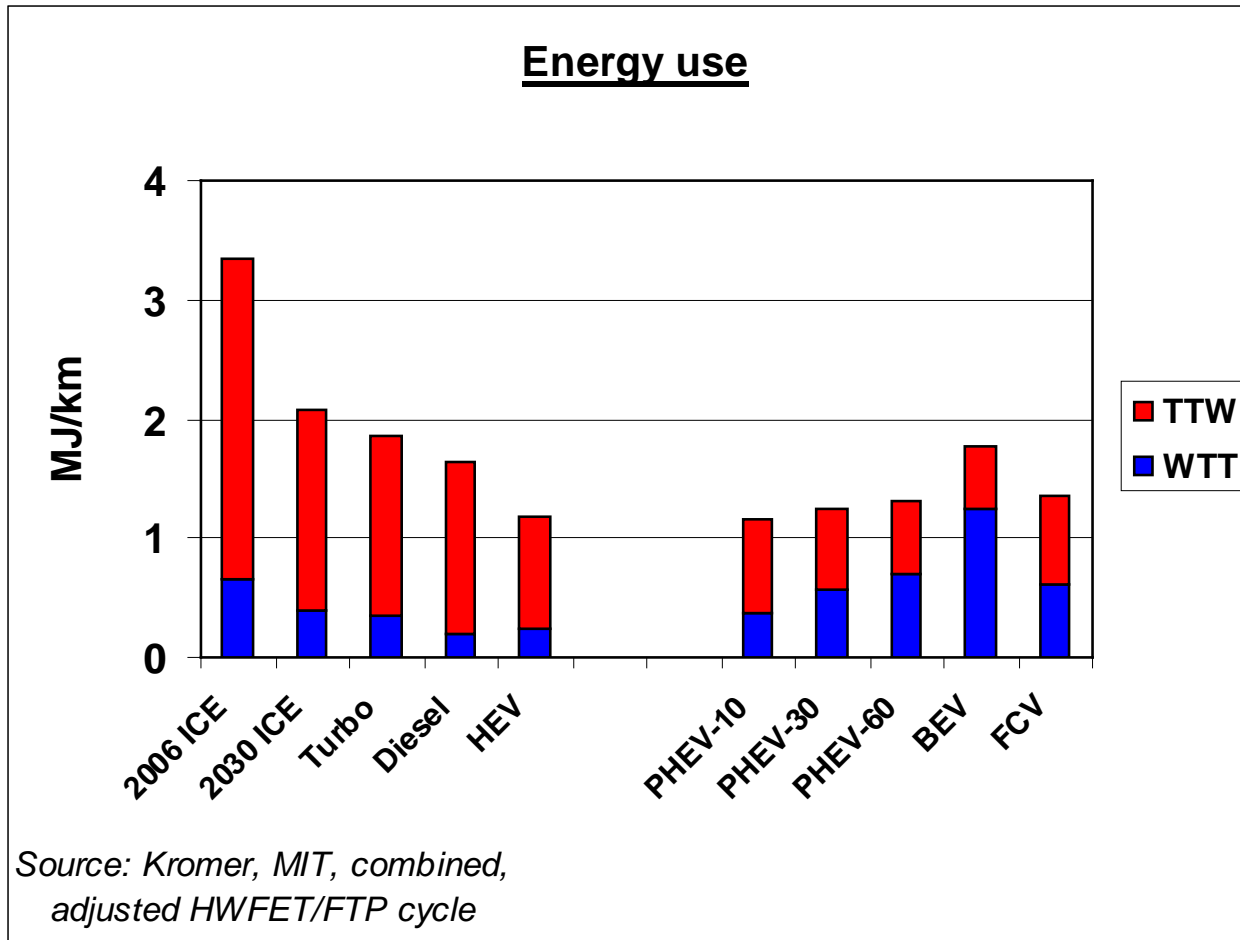
Conventional

- Improved ICE
- HEV (parallel hybrid)
- Bio-fuels
- CNG

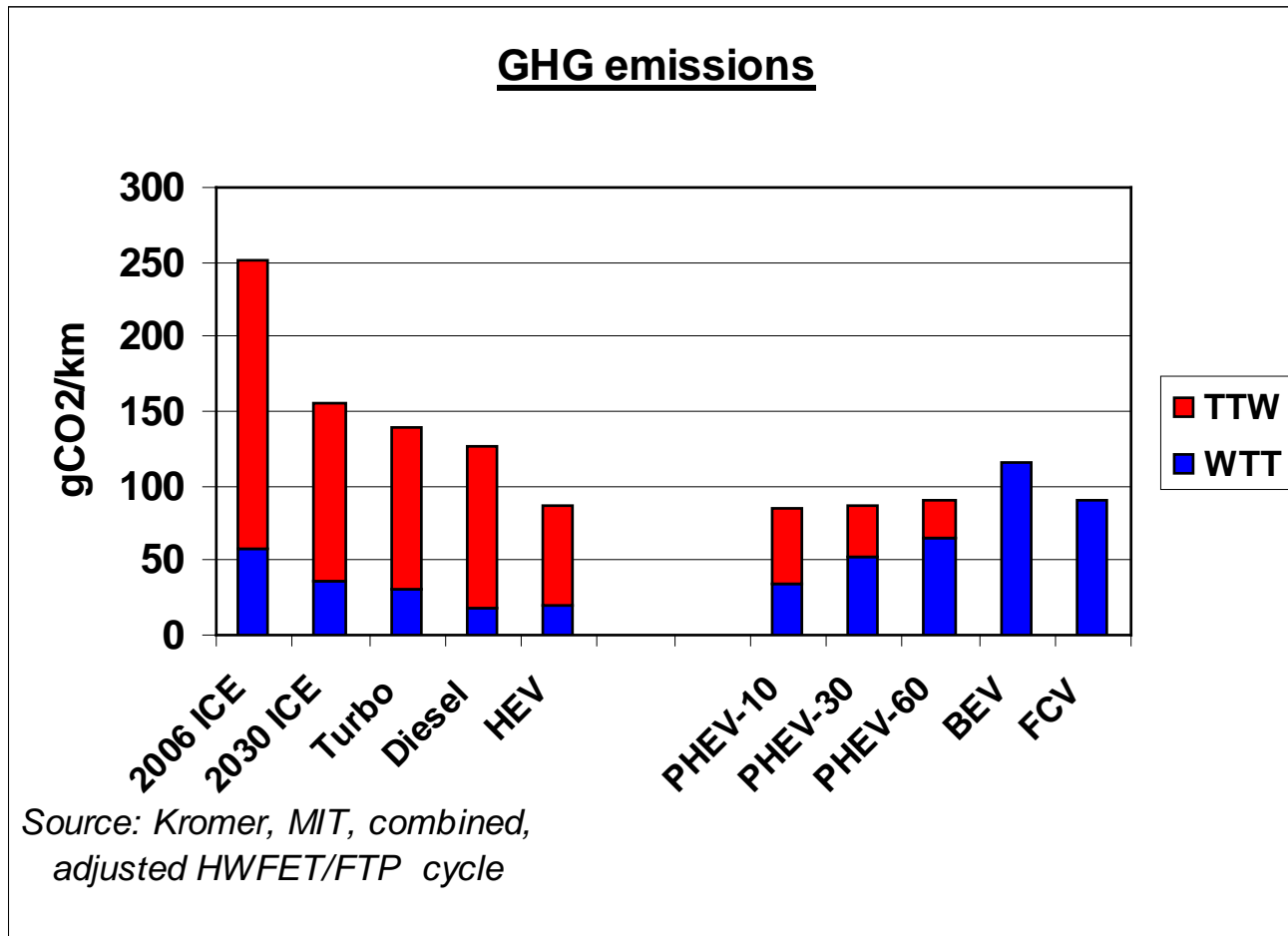
Novel

- PHEV (series hybrid)
- BEV
- FCV

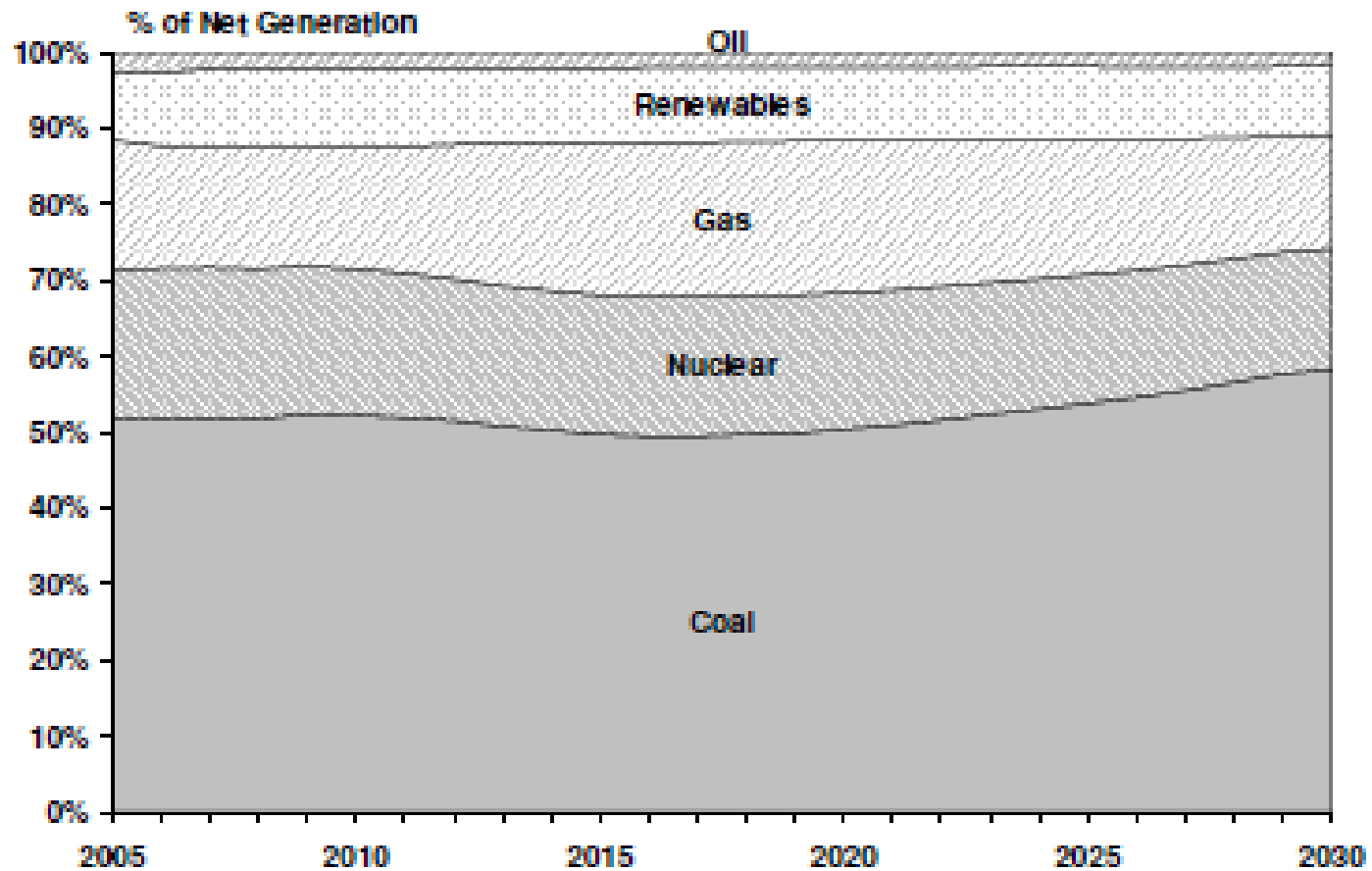
US: limited energy savings



US: limited GHG gains

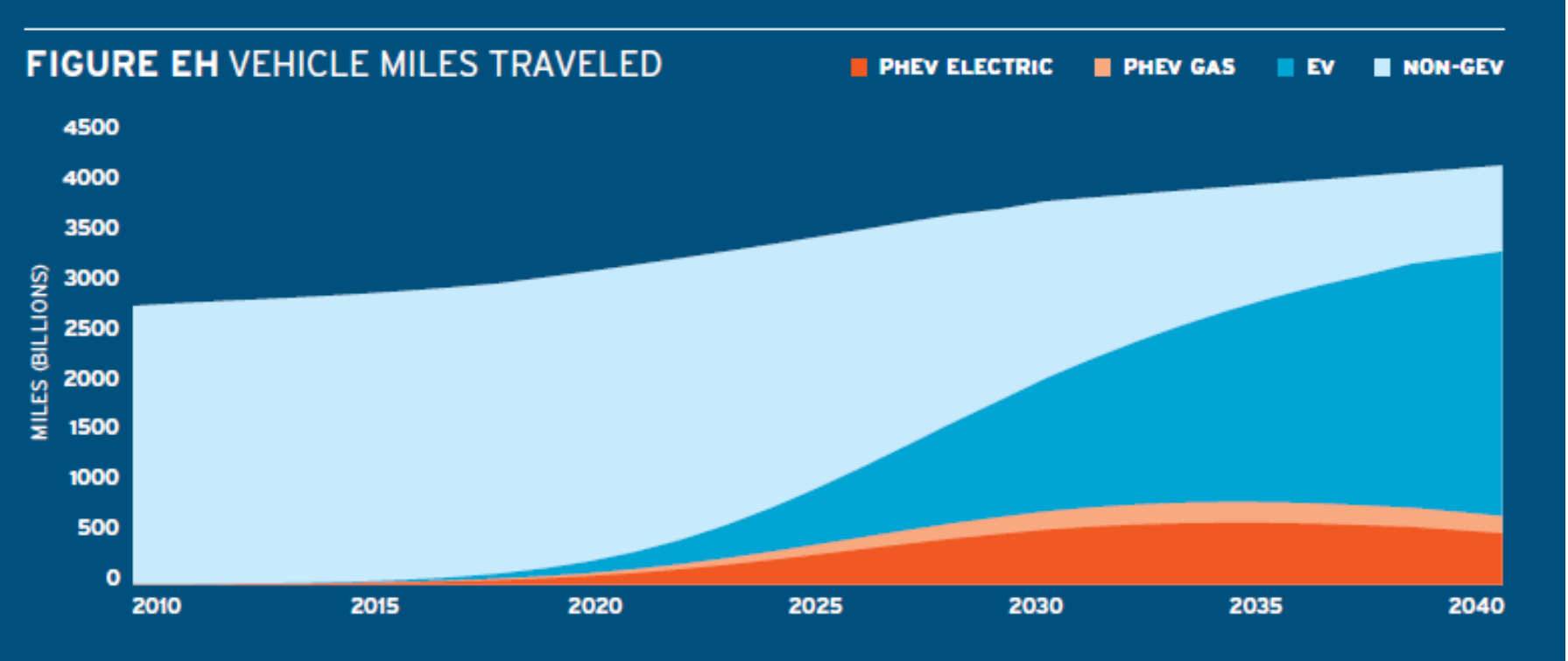


US Average Grid Mix, 2005-2030



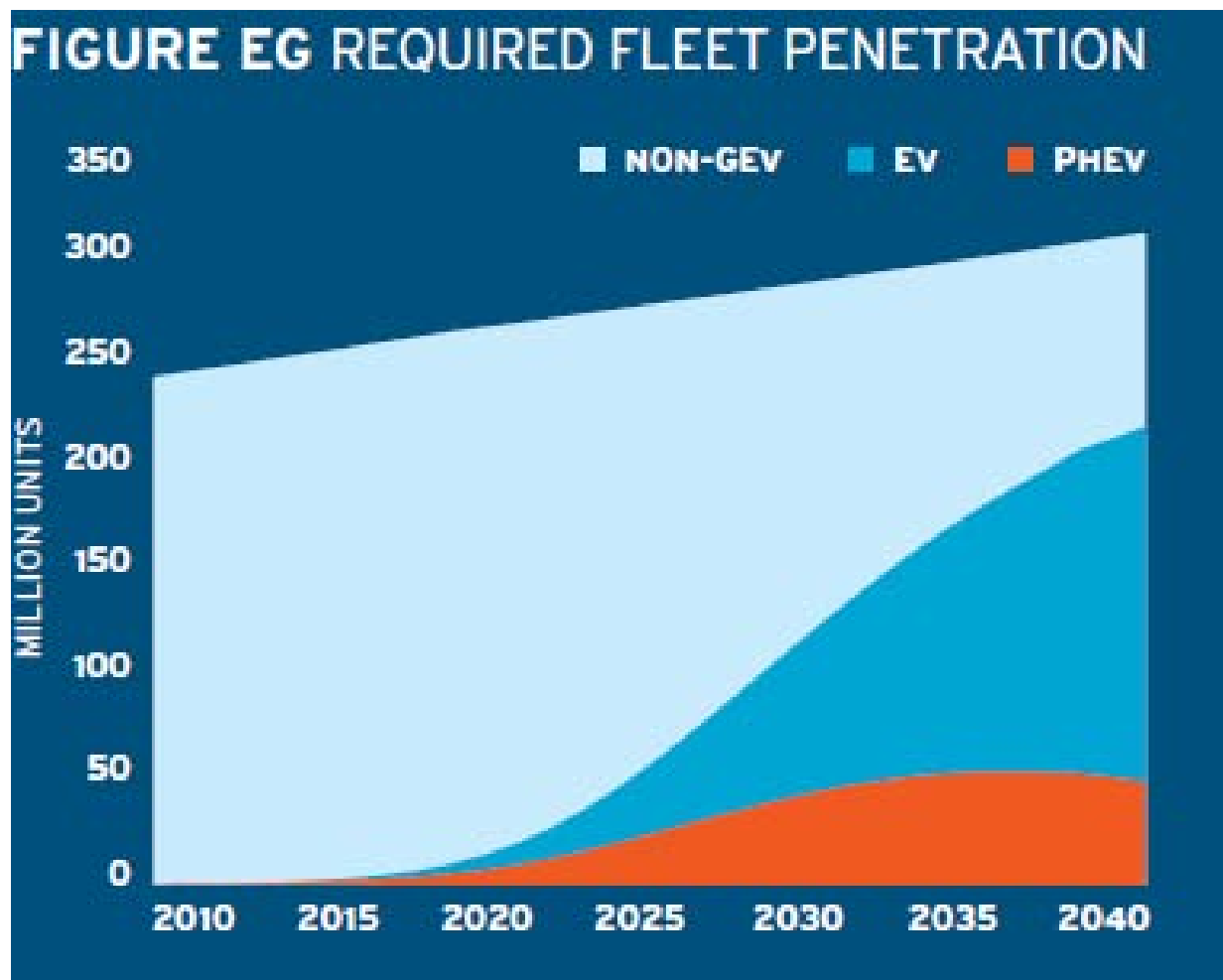
Source: Kromer, EIA 2006

75% of US VMTs to be electric by 2040

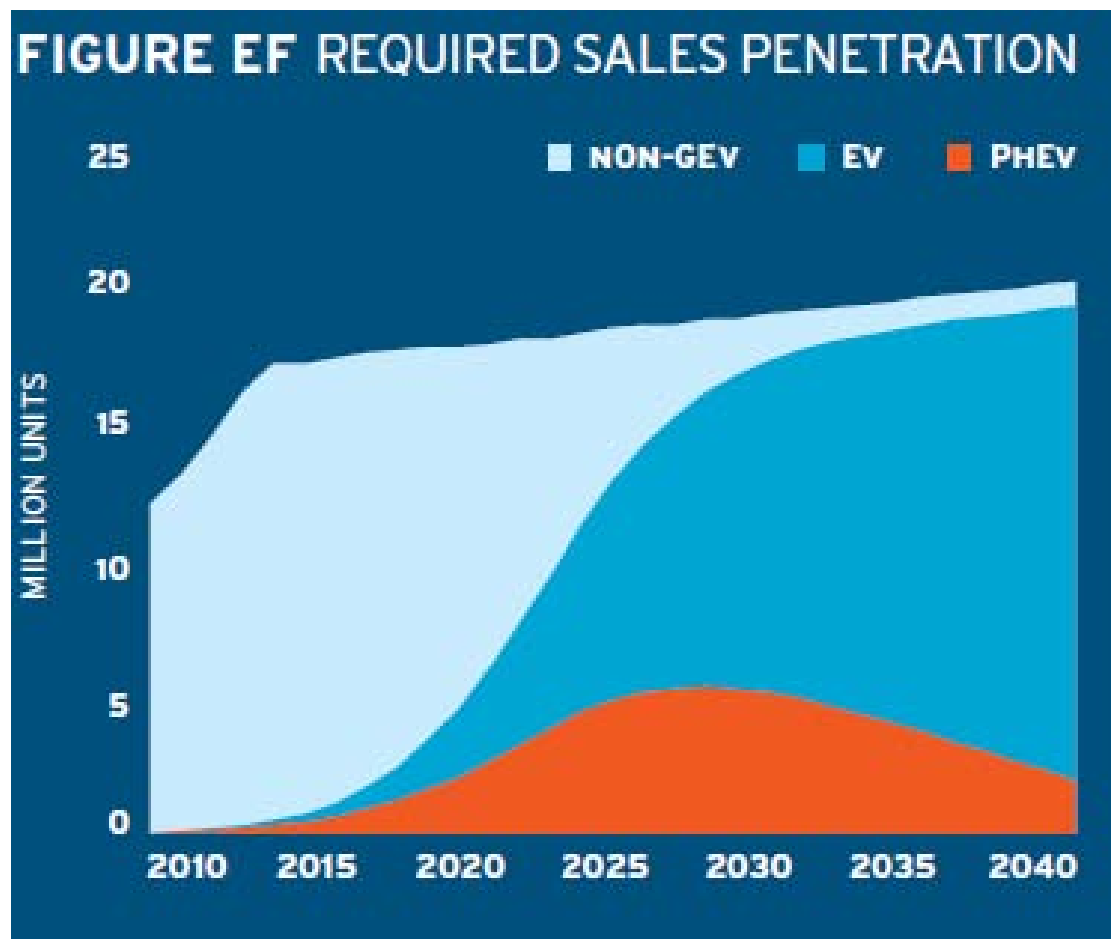


Source: EC Roadmap

Requiring an extremely rapid GEV fleet build-up



And 90% of new vehicle sales to be GEV by 2030

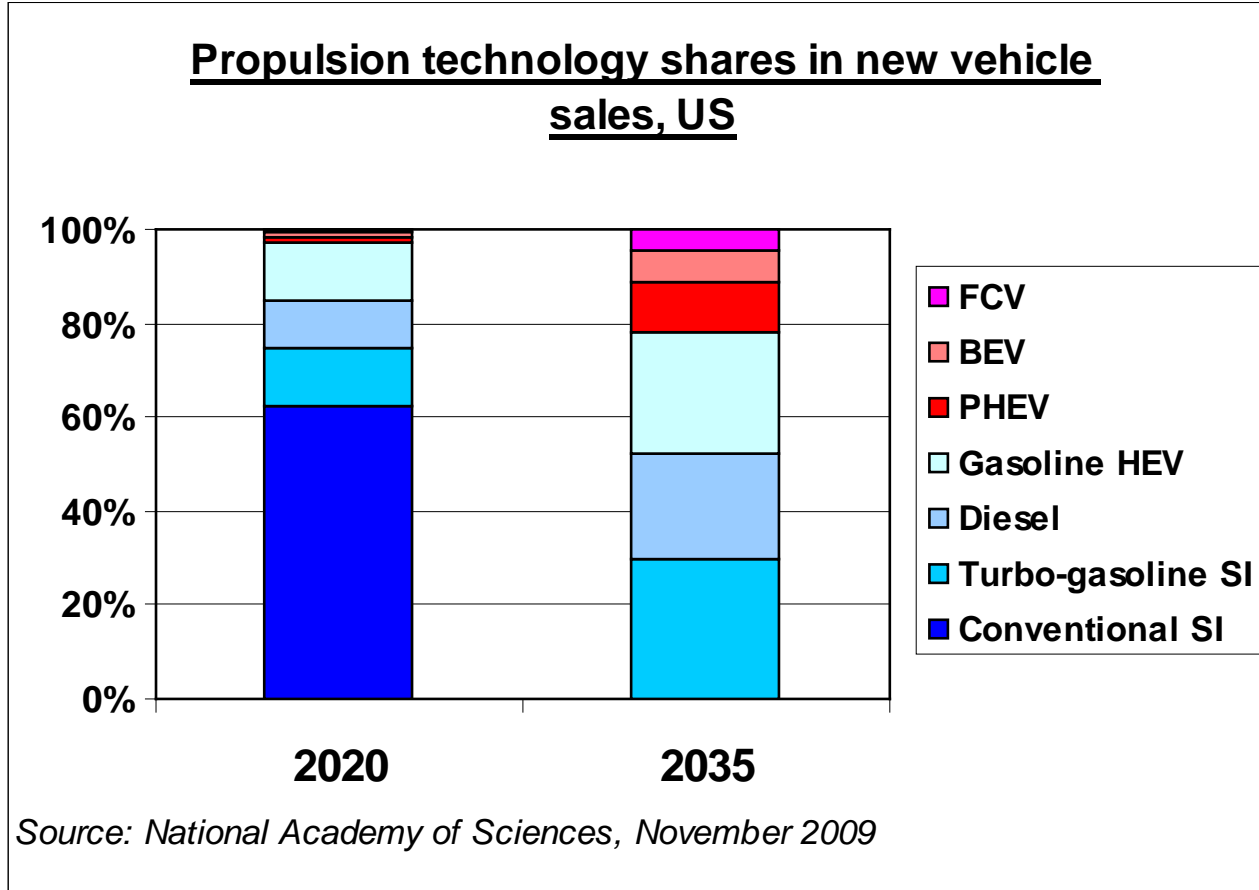


The real motivation is geo-political

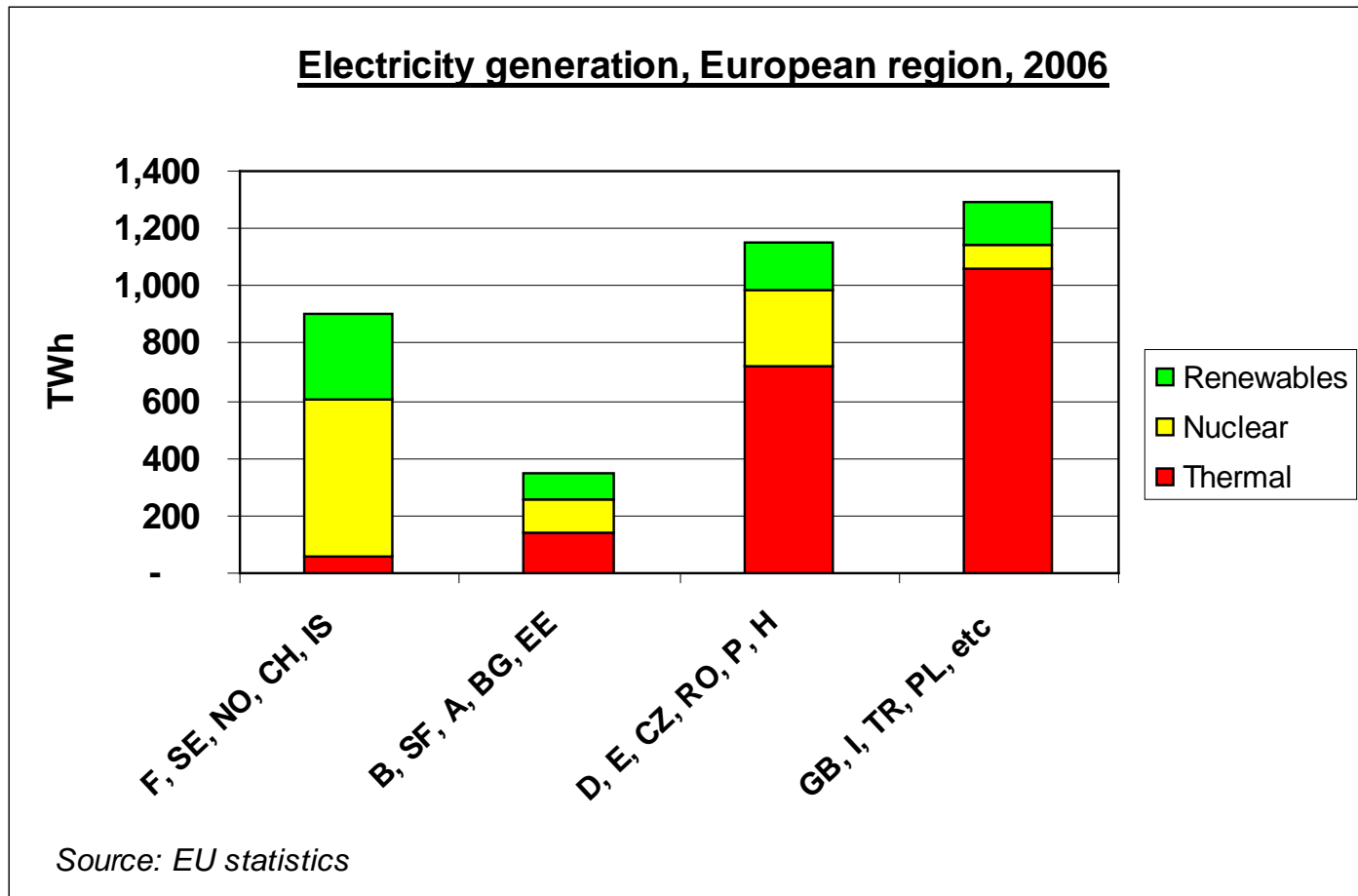


Source: EC Roadmap

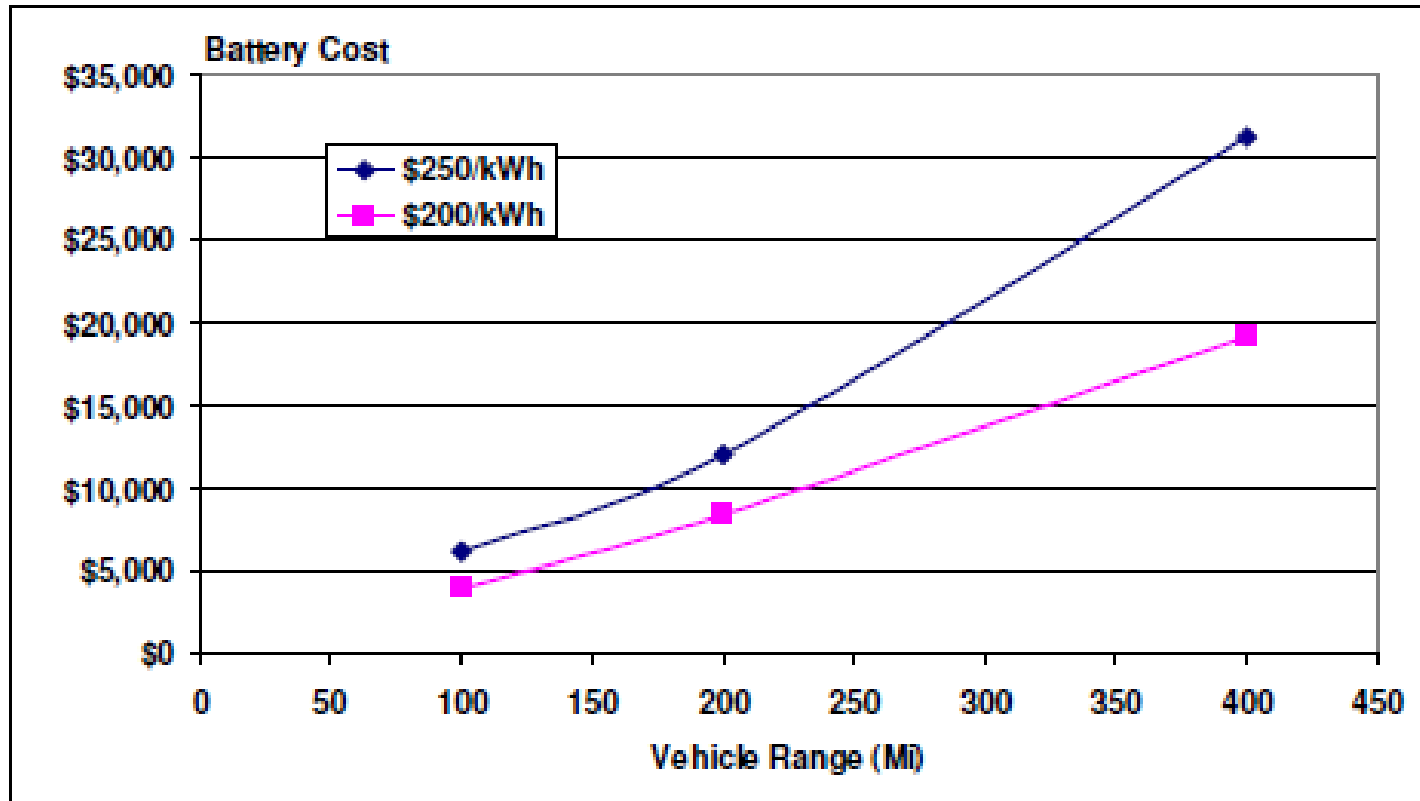
A more sober perspective



Europe : “islands” of green electricity

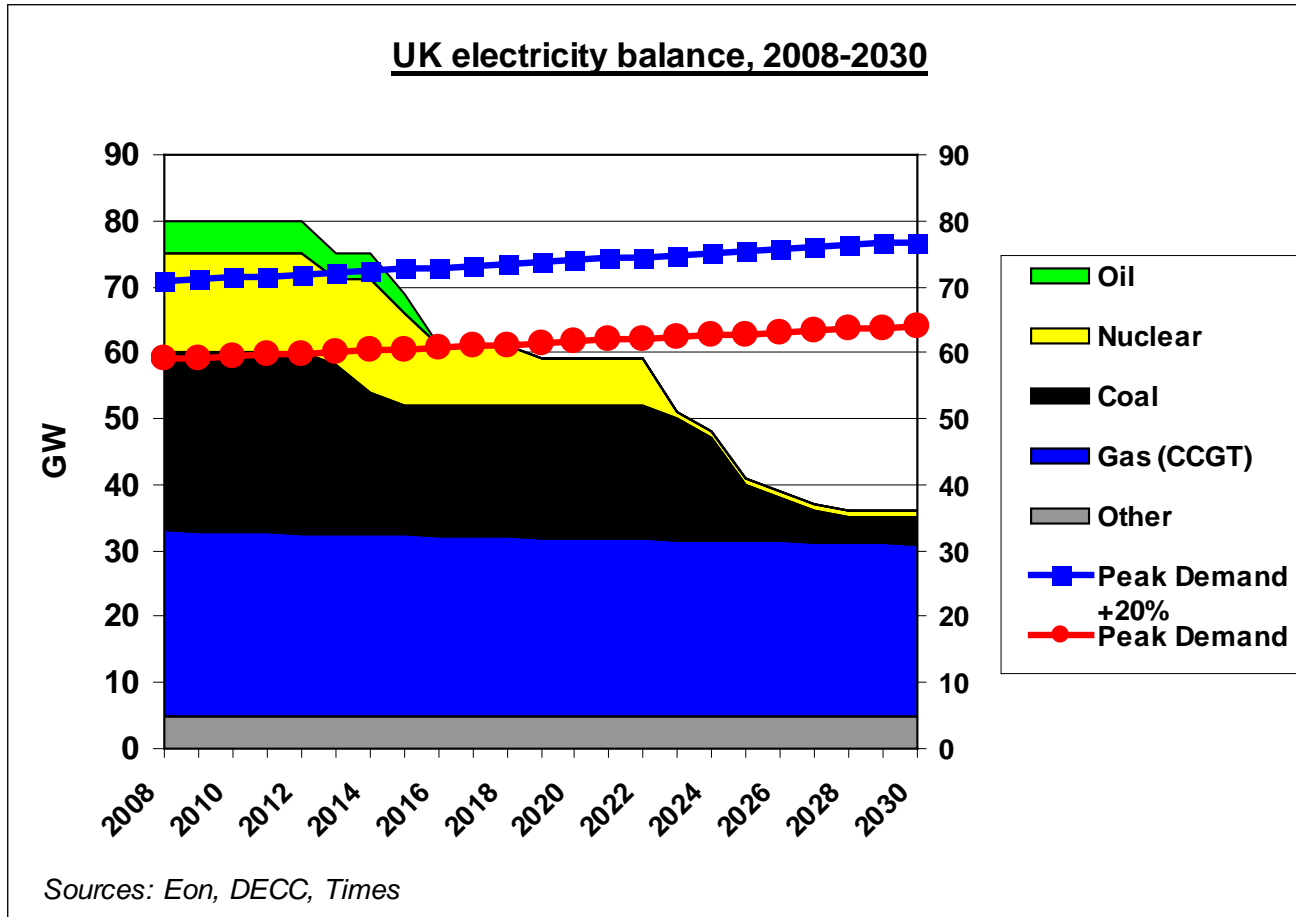


A huge cost hurdle

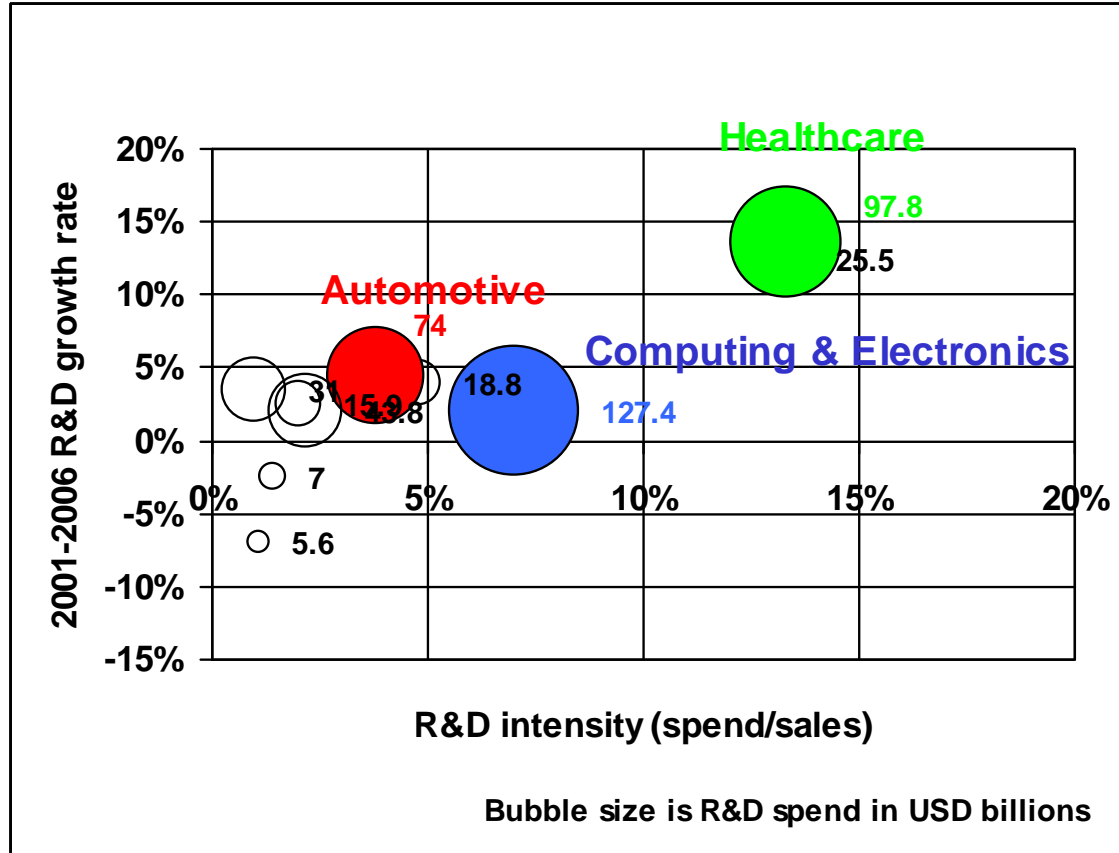


Source: Kromer, MIT

UK: decarbonising electricity



A technologically conservative industry

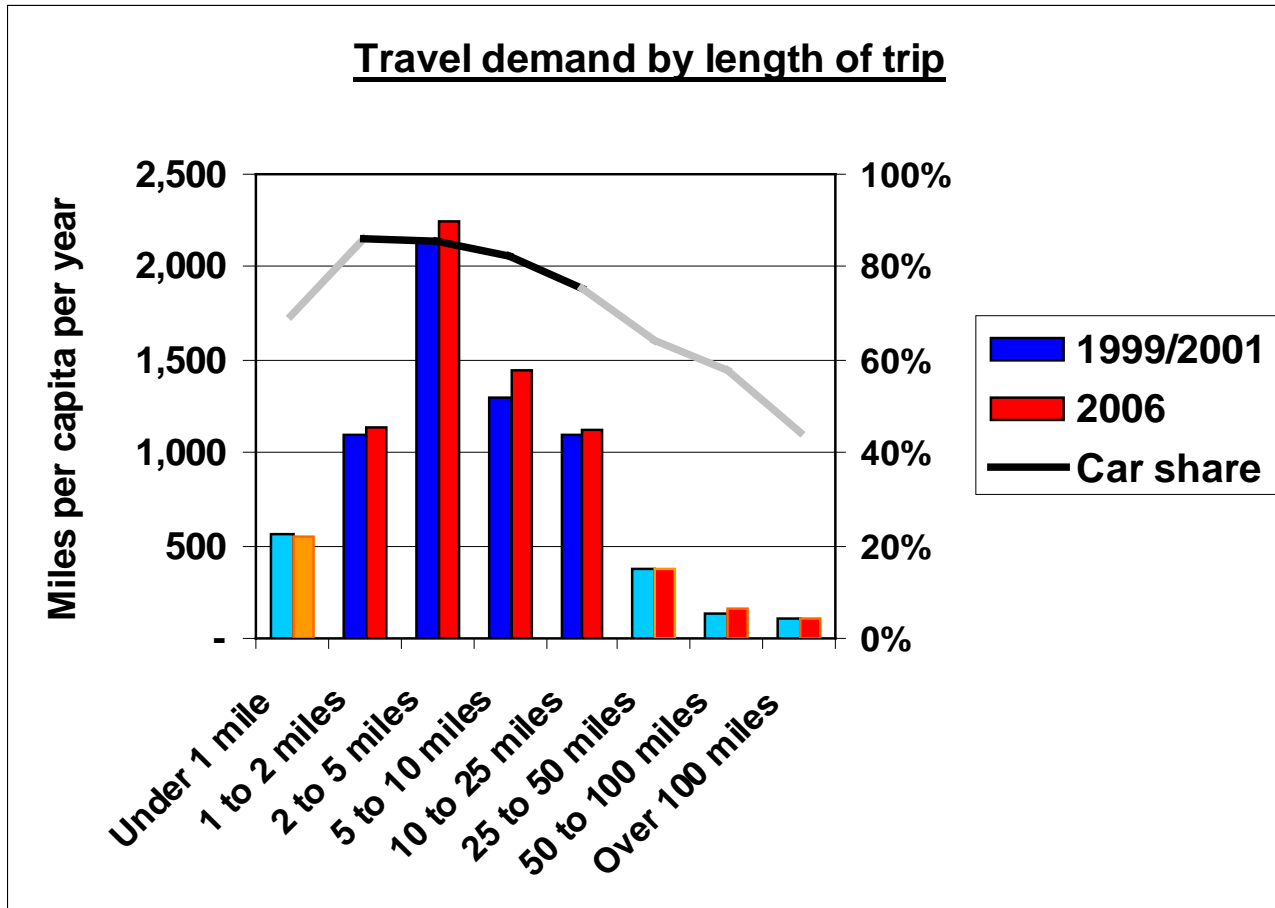


Data source: Booz & Co

There is no significant market for Alternative Technology and eV vehicles today

- **For a new market to emerge, one or other condition must be met**
 - A set of users with an unsatisfied need
 - A better solution to an existing need
- **Neither of these obtains today**
 - 99% of car, LCV and HCV buyers are satisfied with the industry's current offering
 - The alternative solutions are not yet market-credible

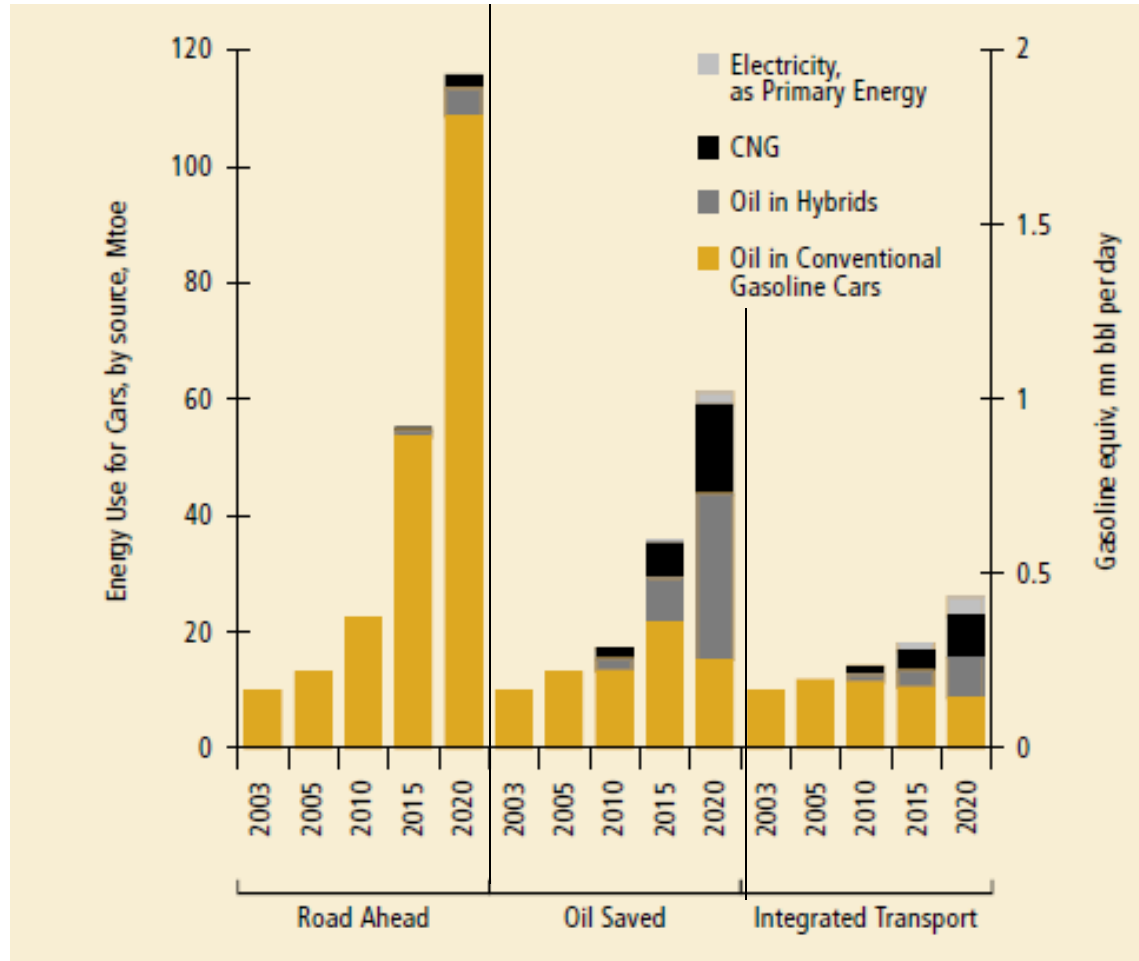
Work the demand side first



Start with low technology risks

<u>Now</u> 100	<u>Stage 1</u> 5-10 years 80	<u>Stage 2</u> 10-20 years 50	<u>Stage 3</u> 20-50 years 20
Vehicles	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Existing technologies •Modest down-rating 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Strong specialisation •New technologies 	
Mobility	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Small modal shifts •Modest restrictions 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •New transportation packages •Planning & control 	
Habitat			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •New habitats and habits •Decoupling mobility from GDP

Might China lead the way ?



Source: China Motorisation Trends, Wei-Shiuen Ng and Lee Schipper

autopOLIS

23

We begin with an understanding