

Smart Grids & Clean Power 2010

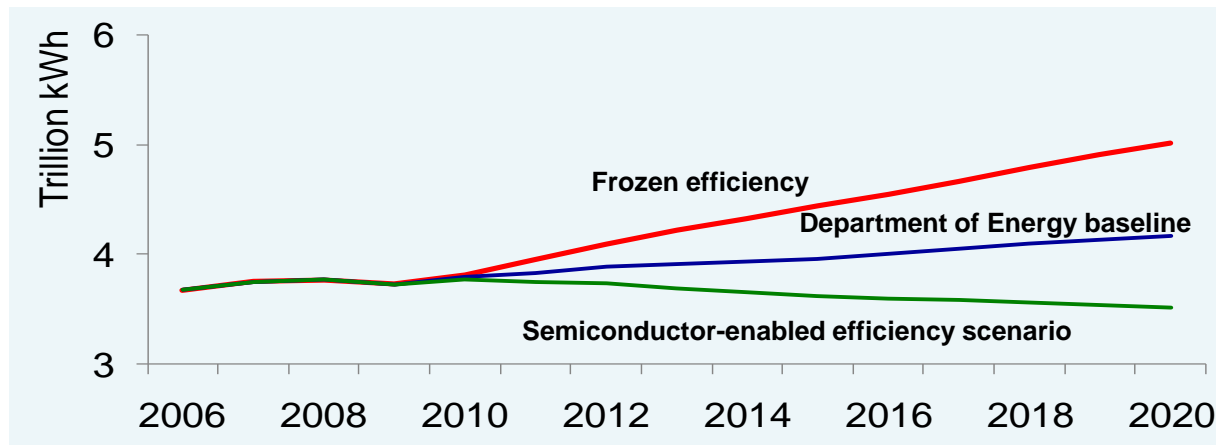
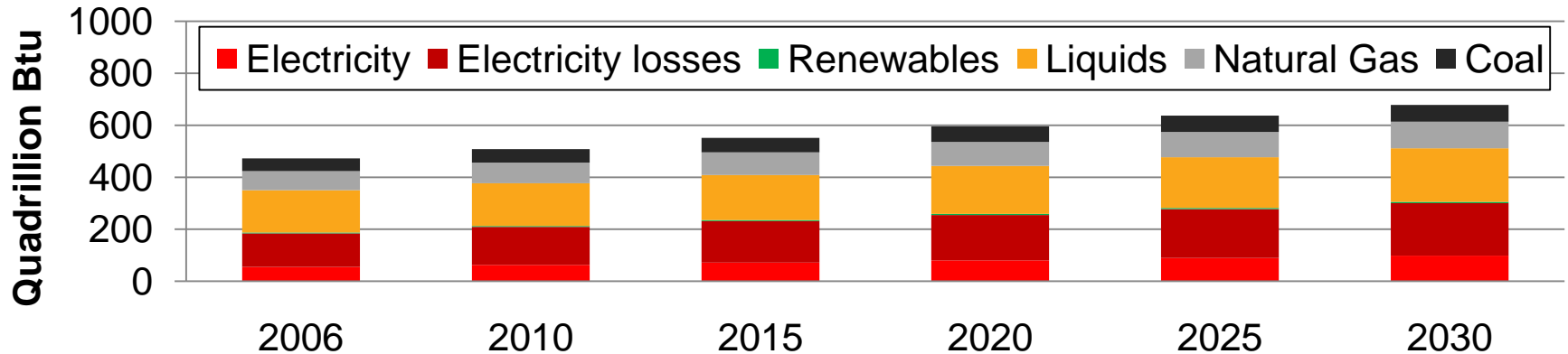
Green Technologies

Ian Drew, EVP, ARM
24 June 2010



Chips Are Key to Greening Technology

- Global energy demand will continue to rise as economies develop and electronic devices proliferate



854 Billion kWh (17%)

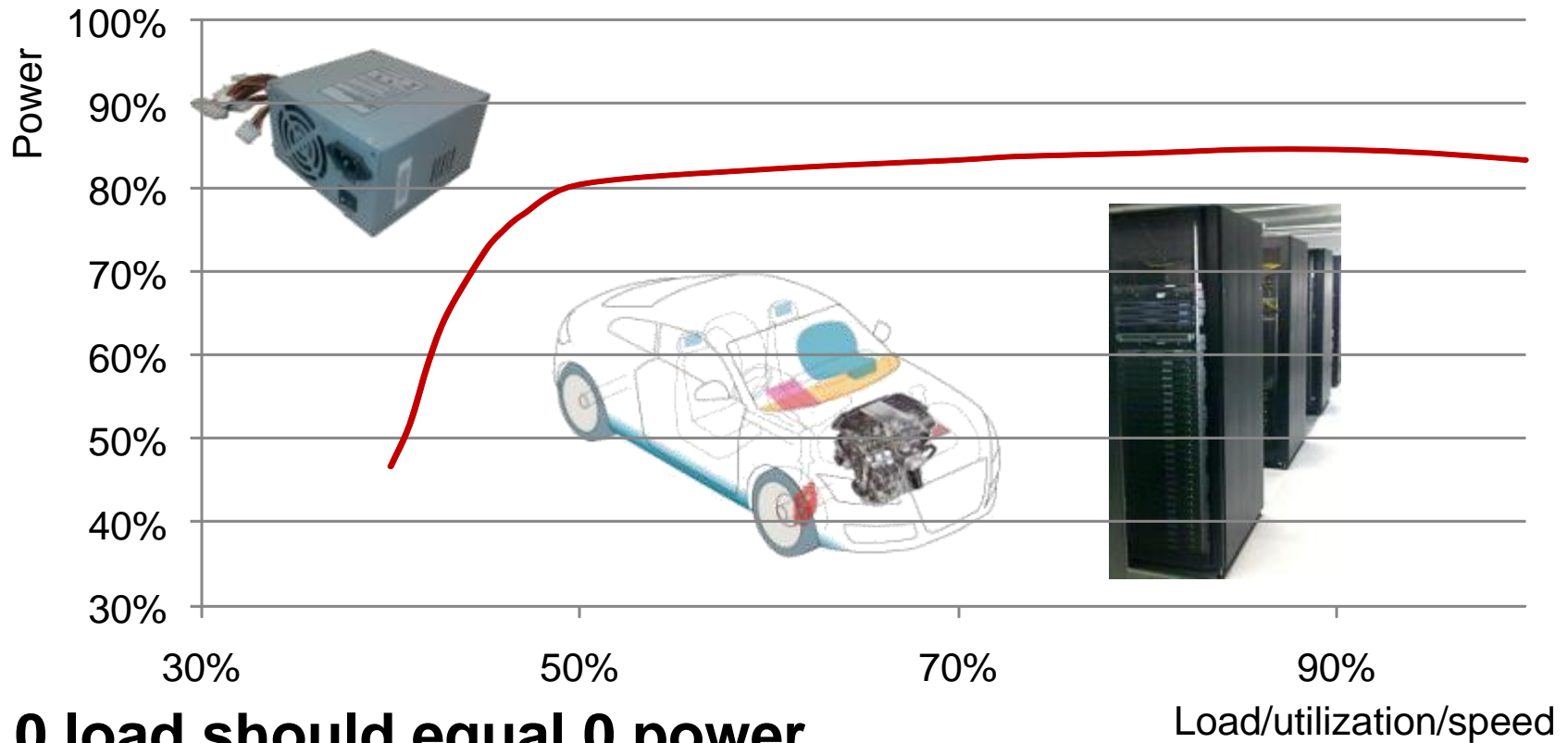
652 Billion kWh (13%)

*Note: Accelerated investments in semiconductor-related technologies stimulated by smart policies.

Source: American Council for an Energy-Efficient Economy (ACEEE), "How Big Energy Efficiency? Contributions of Semiconductor Technologies" (2009).

Devices Must Become More Efficient

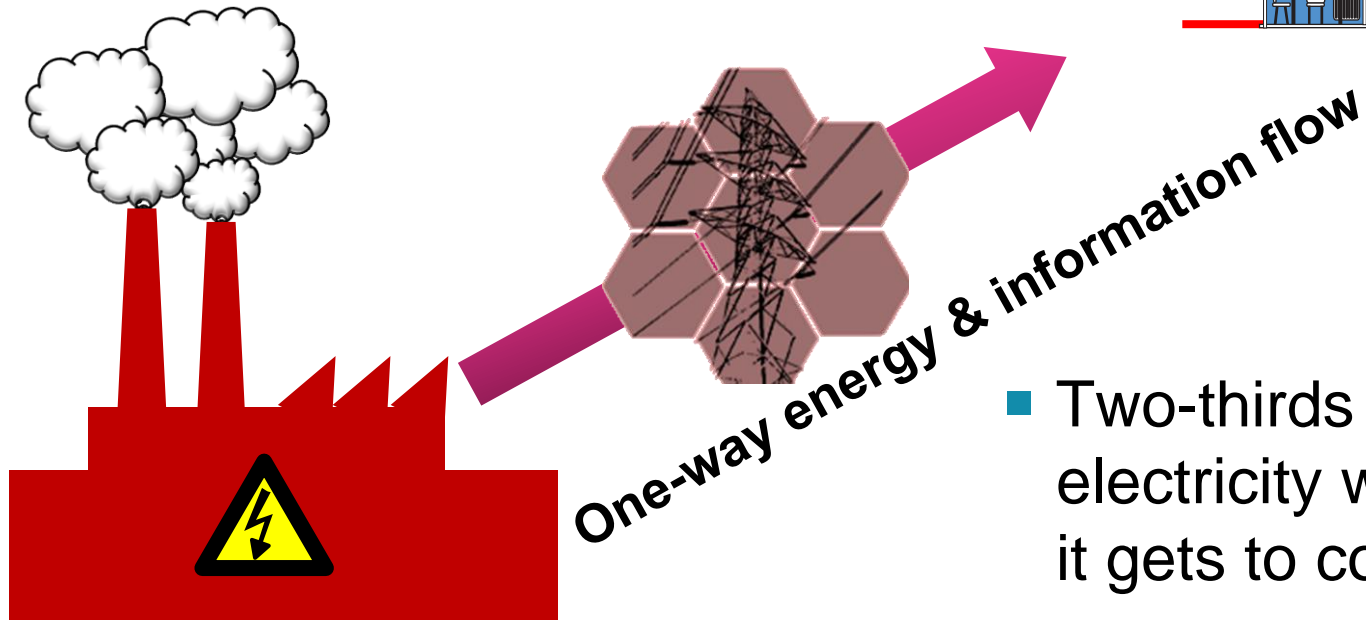
- Servers, personal computers, power supplies, lights, appliances, cars,... all show a similar curve of inefficiency



- **0 load should equal 0 power,**
green technology and smart devices can achieve this

Current Energy Value Chain

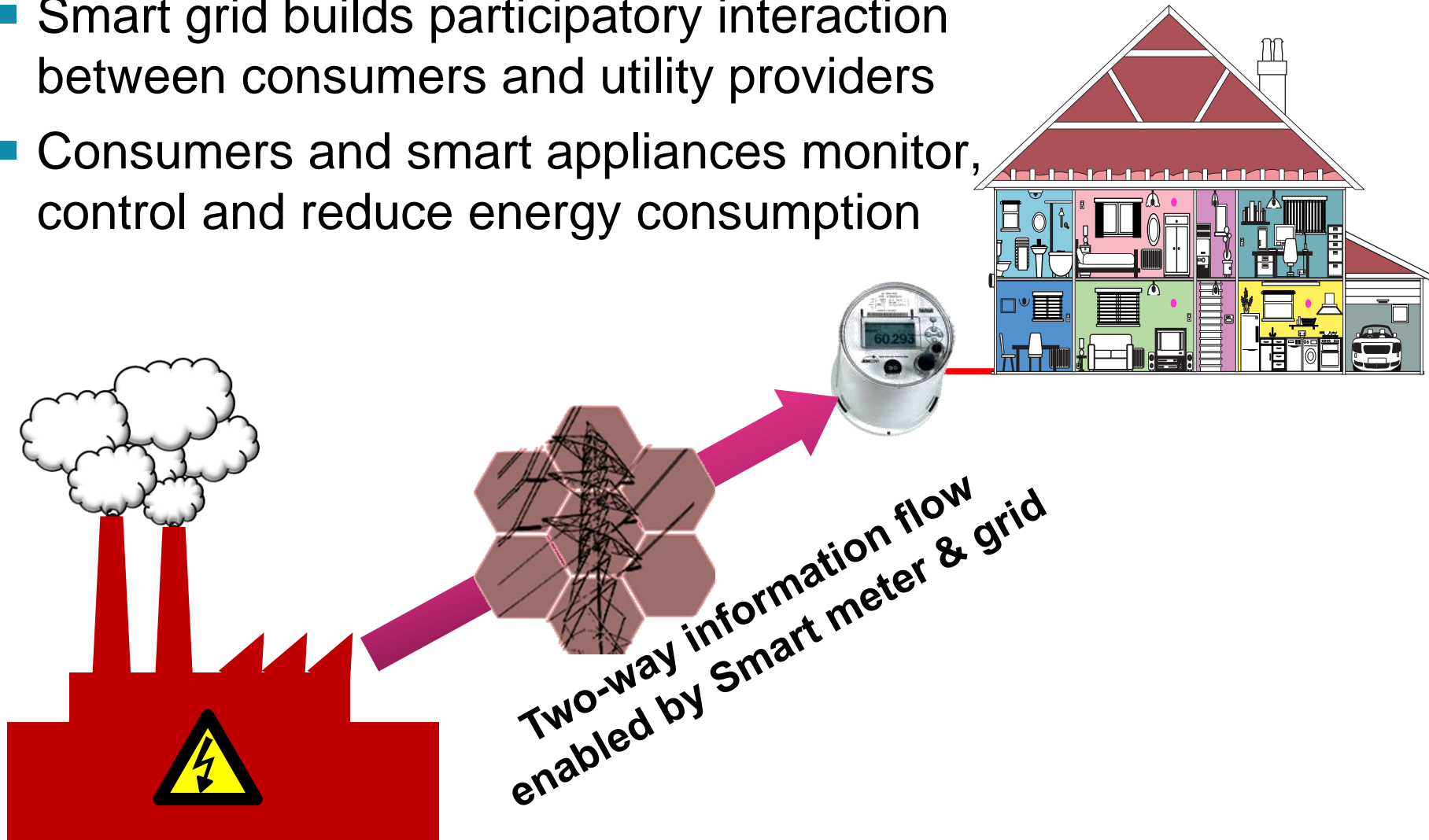
- Limited interaction between consumers and utility providers
- Consumers don't monitor or manage energy consumption



- Two-thirds of generated electricity wasted before it gets to consumer

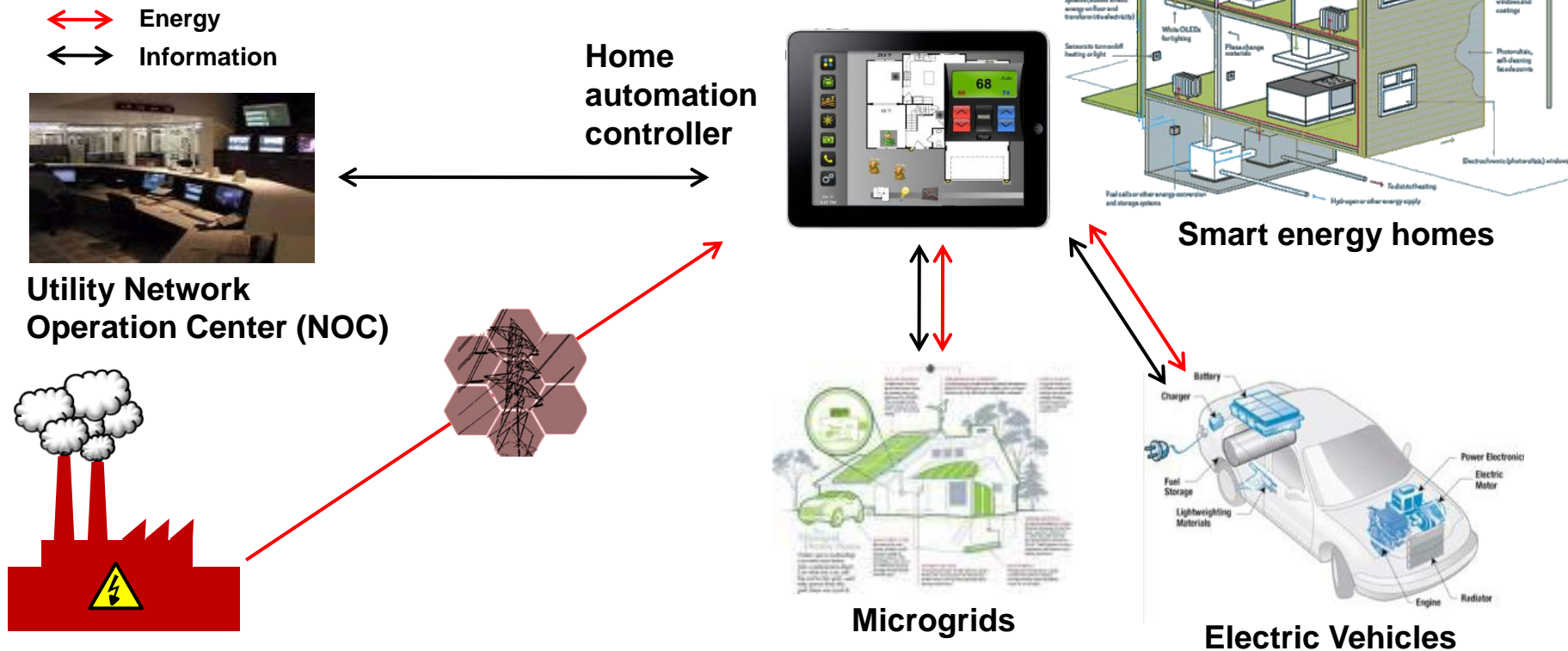
Emerging Energy Value Chain

- Smart grid builds participatory interaction between consumers and utility providers
- Consumers and smart appliances monitor, control and reduce energy consumption



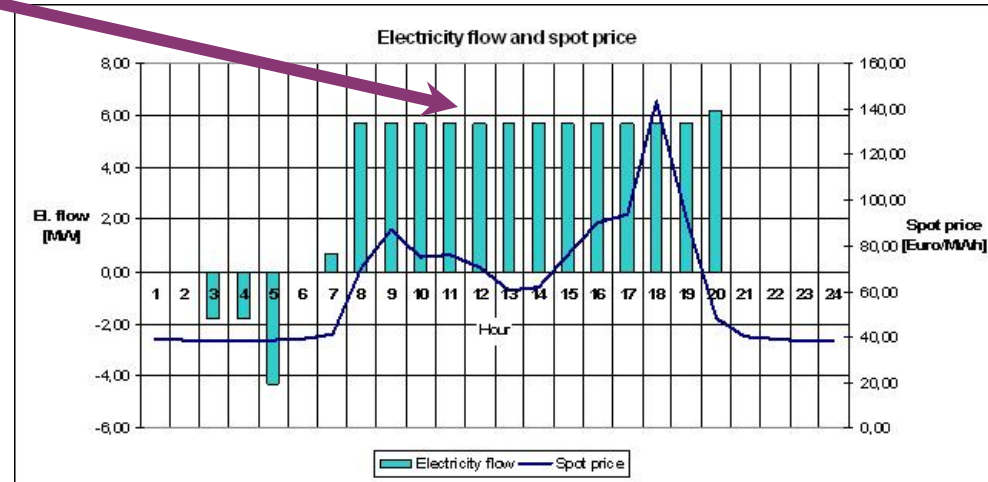
Engaged Consumer

- Traditionally passive end of value chain becomes engaging position encouraging new services

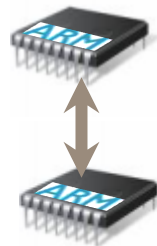


When Appliances and Meters Can Talk

- Knowledge helps consumer cut wasted energy and bills
- Peak usage flattens as appliances make smart choices
 - More efficient base loads generate electricity at lower cost – benefiting both provider and consumer
 - Only 8% of 2.65 billion meters for gas, electricity and water worldwide are automated



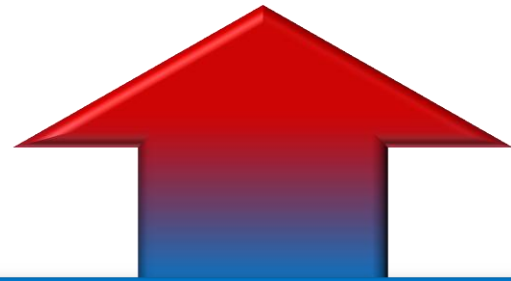
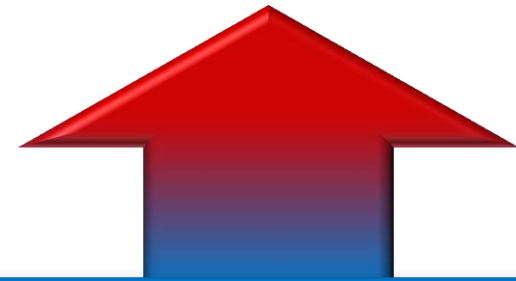
COMMS



COMMS



Server Power Challenges



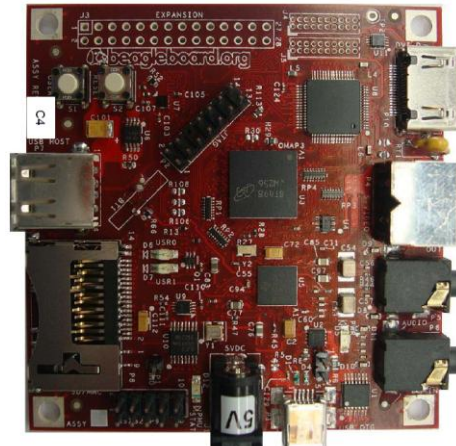
\$26B to power and cool worldwide servers in 2005 – projected to be \$44.5B this year!*

*Source: IDC #203598 Worldwide Server Power and Cooling Expense 2006-2010 Forecast

ARM Prototype Servers



<http://linux-arm.org> running on prototype blade chassis



BeagleBoard



- based on Marvell MV78100 SoC

- V5 ARM running at 1GHz
- 1.5GB RAM (DDR2-800)
- 2.5inch SATA Laptop Drive
- Debian Lenny OS
- 12DC Power to board
- Single 240v AC to 12V DC
- 8 - 10W per blade

- Based on TI OMAP3530 SoC

- V7 ARM Cortex-A8 running at 720MHz
 - NEON™ SIMD Coprocessor
- 2Gb NAND x 16 (256MB)
- 2Gb MDDR SDRAM x32 (256MB @ 166MHz)
- 5VDC Power to board
- Single 240v AC to 5V DC
- <2W per board

“advanced electronic and ICT technologies –
if given the right set of policy signals – could
generate additional productivity gains well
beyond the European Union’s 20 percent
reduction targets now set for the year 2020”

Skip Laitner,

American Council for an Energy Efficient Economy (ACEEE)

